

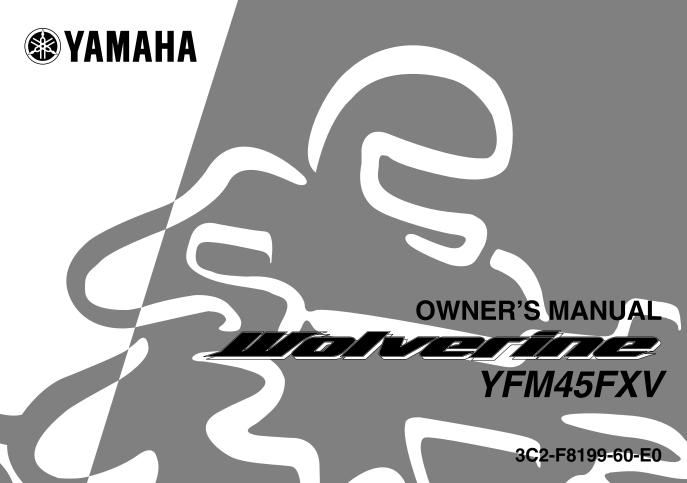
OWNER'S MANUAL MANUEL DU PROPRIÉTAIRE MANUAL DEL PROPIETARIO



3C2-F8199-60



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INTRODUCTION

EBU17320

Congratulations on your purchase of the Yamaha YFM45FXV. This ATV represents the result of many years of Yamaha experience in the production of fine sporting, touring, and pacesetting racing machines. With the purchase of this Yamaha, you can now appreciate the high degree of craftsmanship and reliability that have made Yamaha a leader in these fields.

This manual will provide you with a good basic understanding of the features and operation of this ATV. **This manual includes important safety information. It provides information about special techniques and skills necessary to ride the ATV.** It also includes basic maintenance and inspection procedures. If you have any questions regarding the operation or maintenance of your ATV, please consult a Yamaha dealer.

AN IMPORTANT SAFETY MESSAGE:

- READ THIS MANUAL COMPLETELY BEFORE OPERATING YOUR ATV. MAKE SURE YOU UNDER-STAND ALL INSTRUCTIONS.
- PAY CLOSE ATTENTION TO THE WARNING AND CAUTION LABELS ON THE ATV.
- THIS ATV, AND ANY OTHER ATV OVER 90 cc, SHOULD NOT BE RIDDEN BY ANYONE UNDER 16 YEARS OF AGE.
- THIS ATV IS A HIGH-PERFORMANCE ATV FOR OFF-ROAD USE ONLY, FOR SPORT-TYPE REC-REATIONAL AND COMPETITIVE USE BY EXPERIENCED OPERATORS.

EBU17330

IMPORTANT MANUAL INFORMATION

EBU17341

FAILURE TO FOLLOW THE WARNINGS CONTAINED IN THIS MANUAL CAN RESULT IN SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH.

Particularly important information is distinguished in this manual by the following notations:

	The Safety Alert Symbol means ATTENTION! BECOME ALERT! YOUR SAFETY IS INVOLVED!
	Failure to follow WARNING instructions <u>could result in severe injury</u> or <u>death</u> to the ATV operator, a bystander, or a person inspecting or repairing the ATV.
CAUTION:	A CAUTION indicates special precautions that must be taken to avoid damage to the ATV.
NOTE:	A NOTE provides key information to make procedures easier or clearer.

* Product and specifications are subject to change without notice.

EBU17350

IMPORTANT NOTICE

EBU17370

Welcome to the Yamaha world of motor sports!

This ATV is designed and manufactured for use on UNPAVED surfaces only. It is unsafe to operate this ATV on any paved surface, paved street, paved road or motorway.

Please check your local riding laws and regulations before operating this ATV.

EBU17410

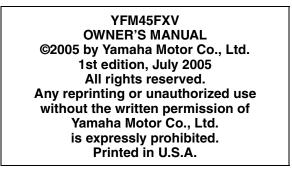


TABLE OF CONTENTS

SAFETY INFORMATION	. 1-1
LOCATION OF THE WARNING AND SPECIFICATION LABELS	2-1
DESCRIPTION Left view Right view Controls and instruments	3-1 3-1

INSTRUMENT AND CONTROL

FUNCTIONS	
Main switch	
Indicator lights and warning light	
Speedometer unit	
Handlebar switches	
Throttle lever	
Speed limiter	
Front brake lever	
Brake pedal and rear brake lever	
Drive select lever	
Fuel tank cap	
Fuel	
Fuel cock	4-10

Starter (choke)	4-11
Seat	
Storage compartment	
Adjusting the front shock absorber	-
assemblies	
Adjusting the rear shock absorber	
assembly	4-15
PRE-OPERATION CHECKS	5-1
Pre-operation check list	5-1
Fuel	
Engine oil	
Final gear oil	
Differential gear oil	
Coolant	
Front and rear brakes	
Throttle lever	
Tires	
Measuring the tire pressure	
Tire wear limit	
Chassis fasteners	
Instruments, lights and switches	5-7

ODEDATION	~ 4
OPERATION	
Starting a cold engine	6-1
Starting a warm engine	6-3
Operating the drive select lever and drivir	าต
in reverse	-
Engine break-in	
Parking	
Parking on a slope	
Accessories and loading	6-6
RIDING YOUR ATV	
GETTING TO KNOW YOUR ATV	7-2
RIDE WITH CARE AND GOOD	
JUDGEMENT	7-2
BE CAREFUL WHERE YOU RIDE	
TURNING YOUR ATV	
CLIMBING UPHILL	
RIDING DOWNHILL	
CROSSING A SLOPE	. 7-18
CROSSING THROUGH SHALLOW	
WATER	
RIDING OVER ROUGH TERRAIN	. 7-22
SLIDING AND SKIDDING	
WHAT TO DO IF	
WHAT TO DO	
	., 20

PERIODIC MAINTENANCE AND MINOR	
REPAIR	8-1
Owner's manual and tool kit	8-1
Periodic maintenance and lubrication	
chart	8-3
Removing and installing cowlings and	
panels	8-8
Checking the spark plug	8-14
Engine oil and oil filter cartridge	8-16
Final gear oil	8-21
Changing the differential gear oil	8-23
Coolant	8-25
Cleaning the air filter element	8-30
V-belt cooling duct check hose	
V-belt case drain plug	8-33
Adjusting the carburetor	
Adjusting the engine idling speed	
Adjusting the throttle cable free play	
Valve clearance	8-35
Adjusting the drive select lever safety	
system cable	
Checking the front and rear brake pads .	
Checking the brake fluid level	
Changing the brake fluid	
Checking the front brake lever free play .	
Adjusting the rear brake lever free play a	
checking the brake pedal position	8-40

Axle boots8-4Brake light switches8-4Checking and lubricating the cables8-4Checking and lubricating the front and rear8-4brake levers8-4Checking and lubricating the brake8-4pedal8-4Checking the wheel bearings8-4Lubricating the drive shaft universal8-4joint8-4Lubricating the knuckle pivots8-4Lubricating the knuckle shafts8-4Lubricating the knuckle shafts8-4Aubricating the steering shaft8-4Replacing a fuse8-4Replacing a headlight bulb8-5Removing a wheel8-5Installing a wheel8-5Troubleshooting8-5Troubleshooting charts8-5	12 13 13 14 14 14 15 15 15 15 17 18 00 11 15 12 33
CLEANING AND STORAGE9-	-1

	3-1
Cleaning	. 9-1
Storage	. 9-2

SPECIFICATIONS	
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CONSUMER INFORMATION	.1	1-	-1
Identification numbers	.1	1-	•1

SAFETY INFORMATION

EBU17531

AN ATV IS NOT A TOY AND CAN BE HAZARD-

OUS TO OPERATE. An ATV handles differently from other vehicles including motorcycles and cars. A collision or rollover can occur quickly, even during routine maneuvers such as turning and riding on hills or over obstacles, if you fail to take proper precautions.

SEVERE INJURY OR DEATH can result if you do not follow these instructions:

- Read this manual and all labels carefully and follow the operating procedures described.
- Never operate an ATV without proper training or instruction.
- Always follow the age recommendation:
 - A child under 16 years old should never operate an ATV with engine size greater than 90 cc.
- Never allow a child under age 16 to operate an ATV without adult supervision, and never allow continued use of an ATV by a child if he or she does not have the abilities to operate it safely.
- Never carry a passenger on an ATV.

- Always avoid operating an ATV on any paved surfaces, including sidewalks, driveways, parking lots and paved streets.
- Never operate an ATV on any paved street, paved road or motorway.
- Watch carefully for other vehicles when operating on unpaved public streets or roads. Make sure you know your country's laws and regulations before you ride on unpaved public streets or roads.
- Never operate an ATV without wearing an approved motorcycle helmet that fits properly. You should also wear eye protection (goggles or face shield), gloves, boots, a long-sleeved shirt or a jacket, and long pants.
- Never consume alcohol or drugs before or while operating this ATV.
- Never operate at speeds too fast for your skills or the riding conditions. Always go at a speed that is proper for the terrain, visibility, operating conditions, and your experience.
- Never attempt wheelies, jumps, or other stunts.

- Always inspect your ATV each time you use it to make sure it is in safe operating condition. Always follow the inspection and maintenance procedures and schedules described in this manual.
- Always keep both hands on the handlebars and both feet on the footboards of the ATV during operation.
- Always go slowly and be extra careful when operating on unfamiliar terrain. Always be alert to changing terrain conditions when operating the ATV.
- Never operate on excessively rough, slippery or loose terrain until you have learned and practiced the skills necessary to control the ATV on such terrain. Always be especially cautious on these kinds of terrain.
- Always follow proper procedures for turning as described in this manual. Practice turning at low speeds before attempting to turn at faster speeds and never turn at excessive speeds.
- Never operate the ATV on hills too steep for the ATV or for your abilities. Practice on smaller hills before attempting larger hills.

- Always follow proper procedures for climbing hills as described in this manual. Check the terrain carefully before you start up any hill. Never climb hills with excessively slippery or loose surfaces. Shift your weight forward. Never open the throttle suddenly. Never go over the top of a hill at high speed.
- Always follow proper procedures for going down hills and for braking on hills as described in this manual. Check the terrain carefully before you start down any hill. Shift your weight backward. Never go down a hill at high speed. Avoid going down a hill at an angle that would cause the vehicle to lean sharply to one side. Go straight down the hill where possible.
- Always follow proper procedures for crossing the side of a hill as described in this manual. Avoid hills with excessively slippery or loose surfaces. Shift your weight to the uphill side of the ATV. Never attempt to turn the ATV around on any hill until you have mastered the turning technique described in this manual on level ground. Avoid crossing the side of a steep hill if possible.
- Always use proper procedures if you stall or roll backwards when climbing a hill. To avoid stalling, maintain a steady speed when climbing a

hill. If you stall or roll backwards, follow the special procedure for braking described in this manual. Dismount on the uphill side or to a side if pointed straight uphill. Turn the ATV around and remount, following the procedure described in this manual.

- Always check for obstacles before operating in a new area.
- Never attempt to operate over large obstacles, such as large rocks or fallen trees. Always follow proper procedures when operating over obstacles as described in this manual.
- Always be careful when skidding or sliding. Learn to safely control skidding or sliding by practicing at low speeds and on level, smooth terrain. On extremely slippery surfaces, such as ice, go slowly and be very cautious in order to reduce the chance of skidding or sliding out of control.
- Never operate an ATV in fast flowing water or in water deeper than that recommended in this manual. Remember that wet brakes may have reduced stopping ability. Test your brakes after leaving water. If necessary, apply them several times to let friction dry out the linings.

- Always be sure there are no obstacles or people behind you when you operate in reverse. When it is safe to proceed in reverse, go slowly.
- Always use the size and type of tires specified in this manual.
- Always maintain proper tire pressure as described in this manual.
- Never modify an ATV through improper installation or use of accessories.
- Never exceed the stated load capacity for an ATV. Cargo should be properly distributed and securely attached. Reduce speed and follow instructions in this manual for carrying cargo. Allow greater distance for braking.

EWB00060

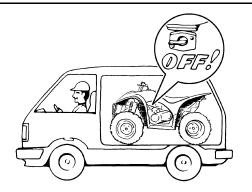
- Always turn off the engine when refueling.
- Do not refuel right after the engine has been running and is still very hot.
- Do not spill gasoline on the engine or exhaust pipe/muffler when refueling. Never refuel while smoking, or in the vicinity of sparks, open flames, or other sources of ignition such as the pilot lights of water heaters and clothes dryers. Gasoline can catch fire and you could be burned.

- When transporting the ATV in another vehicle, be sure it is kept upright and that the fuel cock is in the "OFF" position. Otherwise, fuel may leak out of the carburetor or fuel tank.
- Gasoline is poisonous. If you should swallow some gasoline or inhale a lot of gasoline vapor, or get some gasoline in your eyes, see your doctor immediately. If gasoline spills on your skin, wash with soap and water. If gasoline spills on your clothing, change your clothes.

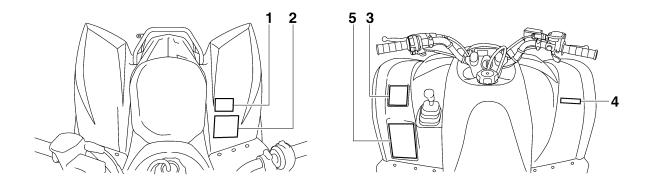


WARNING

Always operate your ATV in an area with adequate ventilation. Never start or run the engine in a closed area. Exhaust fumes are poisonous and may cause loss of consciousness and death within a short time.



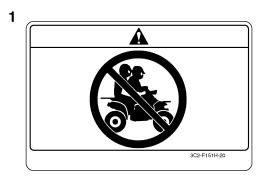
LOCATION OF THE WARNING AND SPECIFICATION LABELS

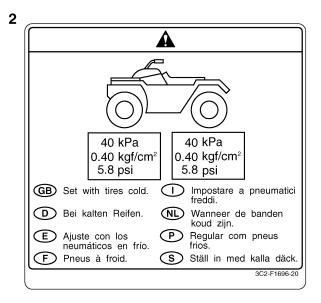


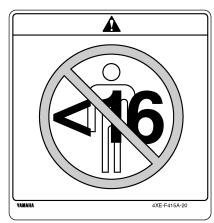
EBU17670

Read and understand all of the labels on your ATV. These labels contain important information for safe and proper operation.

2 Never remove any labels from your ATV. If a label becomes difficult to read or comes off, request a replacement label from your Yamaha dealer.





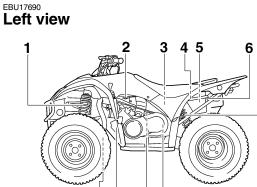


4	_		
			MODEL YFM450FAS
	I (E	YAMAHA MOTOR MFG. CORP.	POWER 19.4 KW
		OF AMERICA	DRY WEIGHT 268 Kg
		NEWNAN, GEORGIA U.S.A.	3C2-F155A-00



3

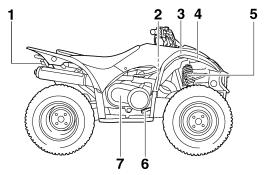
DESCRIPTION



1110 98

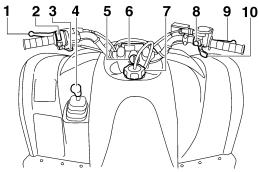
- 1. Front shock absorber assembly spring preload adjusting ring
- 2. Fuel cock
- 3. Air filter case
- 4. Fuses
- 5. Storage compartment and tool kit
- 6. Seat lock lever
- 7. Rear shock absorber assembly spring preload adjusting ring
- 8. Engine oil dipstick
- 9. Oil filter cartridge
- 10.Coolant reservoir
- 11.V-belt cooling duct check hose

EBU17700 **Right view**



- 1. Tail/brake light
- 2. Spark plug
- 3. Rear brake fluid reservoir
- 4. Radiator cap
- 5. Front shock absorber assembly spring preload adjusting ring
- 6. Brake pedal
- 7. V-belt case

Controls and instruments



- 1. Rear brake lever
- 2. Left handlebar switches
- 3. Starter (choke)
- 4. Drive select lever
- 5. Main switch
- 6. Speedometer unit
- 7. Fuel tank cap
- 8. On-Command four-wheel-drive switch
- 9. Front brake lever
- 10.Throttle lever

NOTE: _

The ATV you have purchased may differ slightly from the figures shown in this manual.

INSTRUMENT AND CONTROL FUNCTIONS

EBU17770 Main switch

The positions of the main switch are as follows:

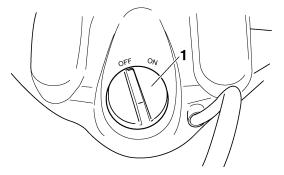
ON

4

All electrical systems are supplied with power. The headlights, meter lighting and taillight come on when the light switch is on, and the engine can be started. The key cannot be removed.

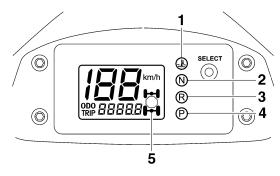
OFF

All electrical systems are off. The key can be removed.



1. Main switch

Indicator lights and warning light



- 1. Coolant temperature warning light " 💒 "
- 2. Neutral indicator light "N"
- 3. Reverse indicator light "R"
- 4. Park indicator light "P"
- 5. Four-wheel-drive indicator " 🛱 "

EBU17840

Reverse indicator light "R"

This indicator light comes on when the transmission is in the reverse position.

NOTE:

If the indicator light flashes or the speedometer does not show the speed while riding, have a Yamaha dealer check the speed sensor circuit.

EBU17860

Neutral indicator light "N"

This indicator light comes on when the transmission is in the neutral position.

EBU17920

Coolant temperature warning light " 💒 "

This warning light comes on when the engine overheats. When this occurs during operation, stop the engine as soon as it is safe to do so and allow it to cool down for about 10 minutes.

CAUTION:

- The engine may overheat if the ATV is overloaded. In this case, reduce the load to specification.
- Start the engine after making sure that the warning light is out. Continuous use while the warning light is on may cause damage to the engine.

EBU26590

Four-wheel-drive indicator " 🛱 "

This indicator comes on when the 2WD/4WD switch is set to the 4WD position.

NOTE:

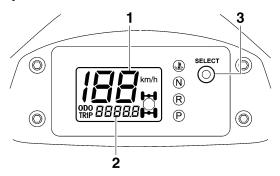
Due to the synchronizing mechanism in the differential gear case, the indicator may not come on until the ATV starts moving.

EBU17970 Park indicator light "P"

4

This indicator light comes on when the transmission is in the park position.

EBU26361 Speedometer unit



- 1. Speedometer
- 2. Odometer/tripmeter
- 3. "SELECT" button

The speedometer unit is equipped with the following:

- a speedometer (which shows the riding speed)
- an odometer (which shows the total distance traveled)
- a tripmeter (which shows the distance traveled since it was last set to zero)

Odometer and tripmeter modes

Pushing the "SELECT" button switches the display between the odometer mode "ODO" and the tripmeter mode "TRIP" in the following order:

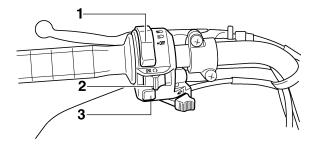
$\text{ODO} \rightarrow \text{TRIP} \rightarrow \text{ODO}$

To reset the tripmeter, select it by pushing the "SE-LECT" button, and then push the "SELECT" button for at least two seconds. The tripmeter can be used to estimate the distance that can be traveled with a full tank of fuel. This information will enable you to plan future fuel stops.

NOTE:

Pushing in the "SELECT" button, then turning the key to "ON", and keeping them in this position for at least two seconds switches the display between "mph" and "km/h".

Handlebar switches



- 1. Light switch " $\equiv O / \equiv O / OFF$ "
- 2. Engine stop switch " \bigotimes / \bigcirc "
- Start switch "(≶)"

EBU18080

Engine stop switch " \bigotimes / \bigcirc "

Set this switch to " \bigcirc " before starting the engine. The engine stop switch controls the ignition and stops the engine when it is running. Use this switch to stop the engine in an emergency situation. The engine will not start or run when this switch is set to " \bigotimes ". EBU18100

Start switch "(s)"

Push this switch to crank the engine with the starter.

ECB00050

CAUTION:

See the starting instructions on page 6-1 prior to starting the engine.

EBU18160

Light switch " ≣O / ≣O /OFF"

Set this switch to " $\equiv \bigcirc$ " to turn on the low beams, the taillight and the meter lighting. Set the switch to " $\equiv \bigcirc$ " to turn on the high beams, the taillight and the meter lighting. Set the switch to "OFF" to turn off all the lights.

ECB00040

CAUTION:

Do not use the headlights with the engine turned off for an extended period of time, otherwise the battery may discharge to the point that the starter motor will not operate properly. If this should happen, remove the battery and recharge it.

4-4

EBU26600

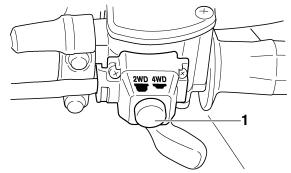
4

On-Command four-wheel-drive switch "2WD"/"4WD"

This ATV is equipped with a switch to change from two-wheel drive to four-wheel drive and vice-versa. Select the appropriate drive according to the terrain and the conditions.

- "2WD" (two-wheel drive): Power is supplied to the rear wheels.
- "4WD" (four-wheel drive): Power is supplied to the rear and front wheels.

To change from two-wheel drive to four-wheel drive, stop the ATV and push the switch in to the "4WD" position. Then, the four-wheel-drive indicator " 🛱 " comes on in the speedometer unit display. To change from four-wheel drive to two-wheel drive, stop the ATV and push the switch in to the "2WD" position.



1. On-Command four-wheel-drive switch "2WD"/"4WD"

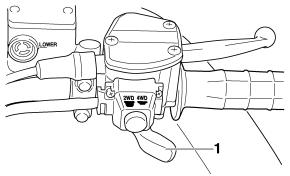
EWB00160

Always stop the ATV before changing from two-wheel drive to four-wheel drive and viceversa. The ATV handles differently in twowheel drive than in to four-wheel drive in some circumstances. Changing from two-wheel drive to four-wheel drive or vice-versa while moving may cause the ATV to unexpectedly handle differently. This could distract the operator and increase the risk of losing control and of causing an accident.

EBU18280 Throttle lever

Once the engine is running, movement of the throttle lever will increase the engine speed.

Regulate the speed of the ATV by varying the throttle position. Because the throttle is spring-loaded, the ATV will decelerate, and the engine will return to an idle any time the hand is removed from the throttle lever.



1. Throttle lever

Before starting the engine, check the throttle to be sure it is operating smoothly. Make sure it returns to the idle position as soon as the lever is released.

EWB00250

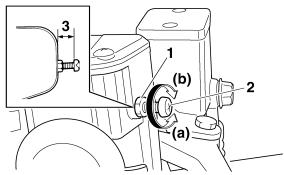
WARNING

Malfunction of the throttle could make it difficult to speed up or slow down when you need to. This could cause an accident. Check the operation of the throttle lever before you start the engine. If the throttle does not work smoothly, check for the cause. Correct the problem before riding the ATV or consult a Yamaha dealer.

EBU18321 Speed limiter

Your ATV was delivered with an adjustable speed limiter. The speed limiter keeps the throttle from fully opening, even when the throttle lever is pushed to the maximum.

- 1. Loosen the locknut.
- 2. To increase the maximum engine power available and the maximum speed of the ATV, turn the adjusting screw in direction (a). To decrease the maximum engine power available and the maximum speed of the ATV, turn the adjusting screw in direction (b).



- 4
- 1. Locknut
- 2. Adjusting screw
- 3. No more than 12 mm (0.47 in)
 - 3. Tighten the locknut.

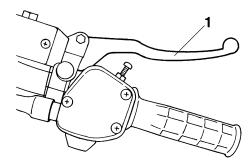
EWB00240

WARNING

Improper adjustment of the speed limiter and throttle could cause throttle cable damage or improper throttle operation. You could lose control, have an accident or be injured. Do not turn the adjusting screw out more than 12 mm (0.47 in) or the throttle cable could be damaged. Always make sure the throttle lever free play is adjusted to 3.0–5.0 mm (0.12–0.20 in). (See page 8-35.)

Front brake lever

The front brake lever is located on the right handlebar. To apply the front brake, pull the lever toward the handlebar grip.

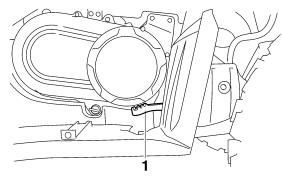


1. Front brake lever

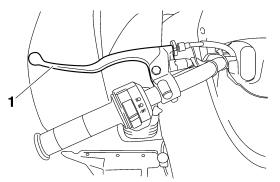
EBU18441

Brake pedal and rear brake lever

The brake pedal is located on the right side of the ATV and the rear brake lever is located on the left handlebar. To apply the rear brake, push down on the pedal or pull the lever toward the handlebar grip.



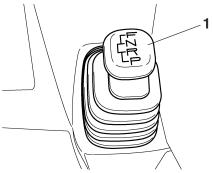
1. Brake pedal



1. Rear brake lever

Drive select lever

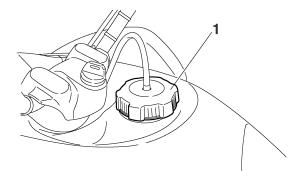
The drive select lever is used to shift your ATV into the forward, neutral, reverse and park positions. See the "Operating the drive select lever and driving in reverse" section on page 6-3 for the drive select lever operation.



1. Drive select lever

EBU18720 Fuel tank cap

Remove the fuel tank cap by turning it counterclockwise.

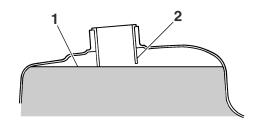


4

1. Fuel tank cap

EBU18750 Fuel

Make sure that there is sufficient fuel in the tank. Fill the fuel tank to the bottom of the filler tube as shown.



- 1. Fuel level
- 2. Fuel tank filler tube

Recommended fuel: UNLEADED GASOLINE ONLY For Europe: Regular unleaded gasoline only with a research octane number of 91 or higher Fuel tank capacity: 14.5 L (3.83 US gal) (3.19 Imp.gal) Fuel reserve amount: 4.5 L (1.19 US gal) (0.99 Imp.gal)

NOTE:

If knocking or pinging occurs, use a different brand of gasoline or higher octane grade.

ECB00070

CAUTION:

Use only unleaded gasoline. The use of leaded gasoline will cause severe damage to internal engine parts, such as the valves and piston rings, as well as to the exhaust system.

EWB00310

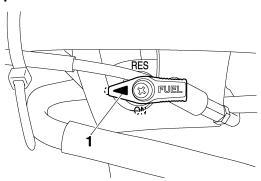
- Do not overfill the fuel tank. Fuel expands when it heats up. If the fuel tank is overfilled, fuel could spill out due to heat from the engine or the sun.
- Be careful not to spill fuel, especially on the engine or exhaust pipe which can cause a fire and severe injury. Wipe up any spilled fuel immediately.
- Do not refuel right after the engine has been running and is still very hot.
- Be sure the fuel tank cap is closed securely.

EBU18820 Fuel cock

The fuel cock supplies fuel from the tank to the carburetor while also filtering it.

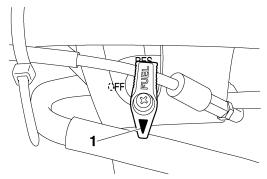
The fuel cock lever positions are explained as follows and shown in the illustrations.





1. Arrow mark positioned over "OFF"

With the fuel cock lever in this position, fuel will not flow. Always turn the fuel cock lever to this position when the engine is not running.



ON

1. Arrow mark positioned over "ON"

With the fuel cock lever in this position, fuel flows to the carburetor. Turn the fuel cock lever to this position when starting the engine and riding.

- PES 1 ··FF EX FUED
- 1. Arrow mark positioned over "RES"

This indicates reserve. With the fuel cock lever in this position, the fuel reserve is made available. Turn the fuel cock lever to this position if you run out of fuel while riding. When this occurs, refuel as soon as possible and be sure to turn the fuel cock lever back to "ON"!

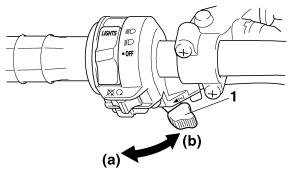
EBU18850

RES

Starter (choke) "|\|"

Starting a cold engine requires a richer air-fuel mixture, which is supplied by the starter (choke). Move the starter (choke) in direction (a) to turn on the starter (choke). Move the starter (choke) in direction (b) to turn off the starter (choke).

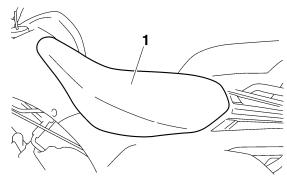
See the "Starting a cold engine" section on page 6-1 for proper operation.



EBU26370 Seat

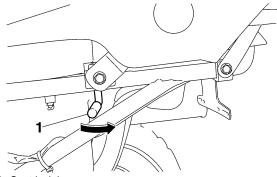
To remove the seat

Push the seat lock lever backward and pull up the seat at the rear.



4

1. Seat



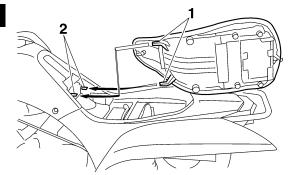
1. Seat lock lever

To install the seat

Insert the projections on the front of the seat into the seat holders and push down on the seat at the rear.

NOTE:

Make sure that the seat is securely fitted.



- 1. Projection
- 2. Seat holder

EBU26551

Storage compartment

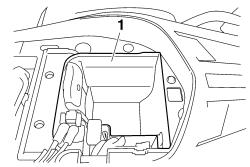
The storage compartment is located under the seat. (See page 4-12.)

When storing any documents in the storage compartment, be sure to wrap them in a plastic bag so that they will not get wet. When washing the ATV, be careful not to let any water enter the storage compartment.

ECB00130

CAUTION:

Do not store metal or sharply edged objects, like tools, in the storage compartment. If they must be stored, wrap them in appropriate cushion material to prevent damaging the storage compartment.

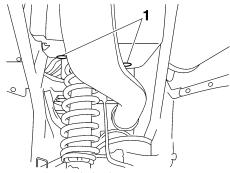


1. Storage compartment

 Do not exceed the load limit of 2.0 kg (4 lb) for the storage compartment. • Do not exceed the maximum load of 100.0 kg (220 lb) for the ATV.

NOTE: _

Drain plugs are fitted at the bottom of the storage compartment. If any water collects in the storage compartment, remove the drain plugs, drain the water, and then install the drain plugs.

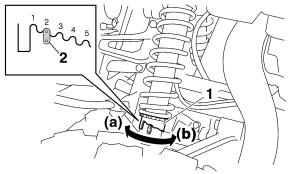


1. Storage compartment drain plug

EBU18990

Adjusting the front shock absorber assemblies

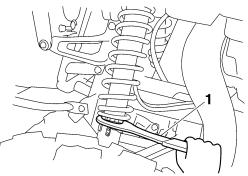
The spring preload can be adjusted to suit the rider's weight and the riding conditions. Adjust the spring preload as follows. Turn the adjusting ring in direction (a) to increase the spring preload and thereby harden the suspension, and in direction (b) to decrease the spring preload and thereby soften the suspension.



- 1. Spring preload adjusting ring
- 2. Position indicator

NOTE:

A special wrench can be obtained at a Yamaha dealer to make this adjustment.



1. Special wrench

Spring preload setting: Minimum (soft): 1 Standard: 2 Maximum (hard): 5 EWB00400

WARNING

Always adjust the shock absorber assemblies on the left and right side to the same setting. Uneven adjustment can cause poor handling and loss of stability, which could lead to an accident.

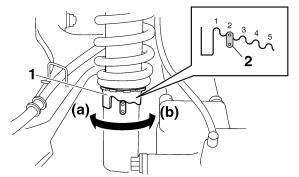
EBU19020

Adjusting the rear shock absorber assembly

The spring preload can be adjusted to suit the rider's weight and the riding conditions.

Adjust the spring preload as follows.

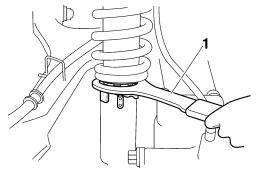
Turn the adjusting ring in direction (a) to increase the spring preload and thereby harden the suspension, and in direction (b) to decrease the spring preload and thereby soften the suspension.



- 1. Spring preload adjusting ring
- 2. Position indicator

NOTE:

A special wrench can be obtained at a Yamaha dealer to make this adjustment.



1. Special wrench

Spring preload setting: Minimum (soft): 1 Standard: 2 Maximum (hard): 5

PRE-OPERATION CHECKS

Pre-operation check list

Before operating this ATV, be sure to check the items listed in the following table.

NOTE: _

The maintenance of some items in the table has to be performed by a Yamaha dealer. Refer to the "Periodic maintenance and lubrication chart" on page 8-3 to determine which service should be performed by a Yamaha dealer.

5

ITEM	ROUTINE	PAGE
Fuel	 Check fuel level in fuel tank, and add recommended fuel if necessary. Check fuel line for leakage. Correct if necessary. 	4-9, 5-3
Engine oil	 Check oil level in engine, and add recommended oil to specified level if necessary. Check ATV for oil leakage. Correct if necessary. 	5-3, 8-16
Final gear oil	Check ATV for oil leakage. Correct if necessary.	5-3, 8-21
Differential gear oil	Check ATV for oil leakage. Correct if necessary.	5-3, 8-23
Coolant	 Check coolant level in reservoir, and add recommended coolant to specified level if necessary. Check cooling system for leakage. Correct if necessary. 	5-3, 8-25
Front brake	 Check operation. If soft or spongy, have Yamaha dealer bleed hydraulic system. Check brake pads for wear, and replace if necessary. Check brake fluid level in reservoir, and add recommended brake fluid to specified level if necessary. Check hydraulic system for leakage. Correct if necessary. 	5-4, 8-36, 8-37, 8-39

ITEM	ROUTINE	PAGE
Rear brake	 Check operation. If soft or spongy, have Yamaha dealer bleed hydraulic system. Check lever free play, and adjust if necessary. Check brake pads for wear, and replace if necessary. Check brake fluid level in reservoir, and add recommended brake fluid to specified level if necessary. Check hydraulic system for leakage. Correct if necessary. 	5-4, 8-36, 8-37, 8-40
Throttle lever	 Make sure that operation is smooth. Lubricate cable and lever housing if necessary. Check cable free play, and adjust if necessary. 	5-5, 8-35
Control cables	Make sure that operation is smooth. Lubricate if necessary.	8-43
Wheels and tires	 Check wheel condition, and replace if damaged. Check tire condition and tread depth. Replace if necessary. Check air pressure. Correct if necessary. 	5-5, 5-6, 5-7
Brake pedal	 Make sure that operation is smooth. Lubricate pedal pivoting point if necessary. 	8-44
Brake levers	 Make sure that operation is smooth. Lubricate lever pivoting points if necessary. 	8-43
Axle boots	Check for cracks or damage, and replace if necessary.	8-42
Chassis fasteners	• Make sure that all nuts, bolts and screws are properly tightened.	5-7
Instruments, lights and switches	Check operation, and correct if necessary.	5-7

EWB00480

WARNING

Always inspect your ATV each time you use it to make sure it is in safe operating condition. Always follow the inspection and maintenance procedures and schedules described in the Owner's Manual. Failure to inspect increases the possibility of an accident or equipment damage.

EBU19540 Fuel

Make sure that there is sufficient fuel in the tank. (See page 4-9.)

- Do not overfill the fuel tank. Fuel expands when it heats up. If the fuel tank is overfilled, fuel could spill out due to heat from the engine or the sun.
- Be careful not to spill fuel, especially on the engine or exhaust pipe which can cause a fire and severe injury. Wipe up any spilled fuel immediately.
- Do not refuel right after the engine has been running and is still very hot.
- Be sure the fuel tank cap is closed securely.

EBU19560

Engine oil

Make sure that the engine oil is at the specified level. Add oil as necessary. (See page 8-16.)

EBU19590

Final gear oil

Make sure that the final gear oil is at the specified level. Add oil as necessary. (See page 8-21.)

EBU19600 Differential gear oil

Make sure that the differential gear oil is at the specified level. Add oil as necessary. (See page 8-23.)

EBU19630 Coolant

Make sure that the coolant is at the specified level. Add coolant as necessary. (See page 8-25.)

NOTE: _

The coolant level must be checked on a cold engine since the level varies with engine temperature.

EWB00510

WARNING

Wait for the engine and radiator to cool before removing the radiator cap. You could be burned by hot fluid and steam blown out under pressure. Always put a thick rag over the cap when opening. Allow any remaining pressure to escape before completely removing the cap.

EBU19730 Front and rear brakes

Brake levers and brake pedal

- Check that there is no free play in the front brake lever. If there is free play, have a Yamaha dealer adjust it.
- Check for correct free play in the rear brake lever. If the free play is incorrect, adjust it. (See page 8-40.)
- Check for correct brake pedal height. If the pedal height is incorrect, have a Yamaha dealer adjust it.
- Check the operation of the brake levers and pedal. They should move smoothly and there should be a firm feeling when the brakes are applied. If not, have a Yamaha dealer check the brake system.

Brake fluid level

Check the brake fluid level. Add fluid if necessary. (See page 8-37.)

Recommended brake fluid: DOT 4

Brake fluid leakage

Check to see if any brake fluid is leaking out of the pipe joints or brake fluid reservoirs. Apply the brakes firmly for one minute. If a lever moves slowly inward, there may be a leak in the brake system. If there is any leakage, the brake system should be checked by a Yamaha dealer.

Brake operation

Test the brakes at slow speed after starting out to make sure they are working properly. If the brakes do not provide proper braking performance, check the brake pads for wear. (See page 8-36.)

Always check the brakes at the start of every ride. Do not ride the ATV if you find any problem with the brakes or you could lose braking ability, which could lead to an accident. If a problem cannot be corrected by the adjustment procedures provided in this manual, have a Yamaha dealer check for the cause.

EBU19760 Throttle lever

Check the operation of the throttle lever. It must open smoothly and spring back to the idle position when released. Correct if necessary.

EBU19811 Tires

lires

EWB00591

5

Use of improper tires on this ATV, or operation of this ATV with improper or uneven tire pressure, may cause loss of control, increasing your risk of accident.

Pay attention to the following.

• The tires listed below have been approved by Yamaha Motor Manufacturing Corporation of America for this model. Other tire combinations are not recommended. Front:

Manufacturer/model:

MAXXIS/M937

Size:

AT23 x 8R12

Type:

Tubeless

Rear:

Manufacturer/model:

MAXXIS/M938

Size:

AT23 x 10R12

Type:

Tubeless

• The tires should be set to the recommended pressure:

Recommended tire pressure:

Front:

40 kPa (5.8 psi) (0.40 kgf/cm²)

Rear:

40 kPa (5.8 psi) (0.40 kgf/cm²)

- Check and adjust tire pressures when the tires are cold.
- Tire pressures must be equal on both sides.
- Tire pressure below the minimum specified could cause the tire to dislodge from the rim under severe riding conditions.

Minimum tire pressure:

Front:

37 kPa (5.3 psi) (0.37 kgf/cm²)

Rear:

37 kPa (5.3 psi) (0.37 kgf/cm²)

• Use no more than the following pressures when seating the tire beads.

Maximum tire seating pressure:

Front:

250 kPa (36 psi) (2.5 kgf/cm²) Rear:

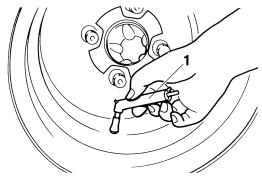
250 kPa (36 psi) (2.5 kgf/cm²) Higher pressures and fast inflation may cause a tire to burst. Inflate the tires very slowly and carefully.

Measuring the tire pressure

Use the low-pressure tire gauge.

NOTE: _

The low-pressure tire gauge is included as standard equipment. Make two measurements of the tire pressure and use the second reading. Dust or dirt in the gauge could cause the first reading to be incorrect.



1. Low-pressure tire gauge

Set the tire pressure when the tires are cold. Set the tire pressures to the following specifications:

Recommended pressure:

Front

40 kPa (5.8 psi) (0.40 kgf/cm²) Rear

40 kPa (5.8 psi) (0.40 kgf/cm²) Minimum:

Front

37 kPa (5.3 psi) (0.37 kgf/cm²) Rear

37 kPa (5.3 psi) (0.37 kgf/cm²) Maximum:

Front

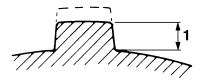
```
43 kPa (6.2 psi) (0.43 kgf/cm<sup>2</sup>)
```

Rear

```
43 kPa (6.2 psi) (0.43 kgf/cm<sup>2</sup>)
```

EBU19830 Tire wear limit

Replace the tire when the tire groove decreases to 3 mm (0.12 in).



1. Tire wear limit

Chassis fasteners

Make sure that all nuts, bolts and screws are properly tightened.

EBU19850

Instruments, lights and switches

Check that all instruments, lights and switches are working properly. Correct if necessary.

OPERATION

EBU19900

Read the Owner's Manual carefully before riding the ATV.

EWB00630

WARNING

Read the Owner's Manual carefully to become familiar with all controls in order to help prevent any loss of control, which could cause an accident or injury. If there is a control or function you do not understand, ask your Yamaha dealer.

EBU26540

Starting a cold engine

EWB00640

Always make sure all control cables work smoothly before you begin riding in cold weather. If the control cables are frozen or do not work smoothly, you could be unable to control the ATV, which could lead to an accident or collision. ECB00150

CAUTION:

See the "Engine break-in" section on page 6-5 prior to operating the engine for the first time.

- 1. Apply the rear brake lever.
- 2. Turn the fuel cock to "ON".
- 3. Turn the main switch to "ON" and the engine stop switch to " ∩".
- 4. Shift the drive select lever into the neutral or park position. The corresponding indicator light should come on, if it does not come on, have a Yamaha dealer check the electrical circuit.

NOTE: _

The engine can be started under the following conditions:

- The drive select lever is in the neutral or park position.
- The rear brake lever is applied with the drive select lever in any position. However, it is recommended to shift into the neutral or park position before starting the engine.

5. Use the starter (choke) in reference to the figure:

Position (1):

Cold engine start with ambient temperature below 5 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ (40 $^{\circ}\text{F}).$

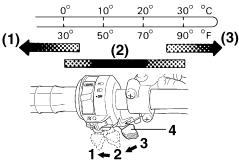
Position (2):

Cold engine start with ambient temperature between 0 °C (30 °F) and 30 °C (90 °F).

Position (3):

Cold engine start with ambient temperature above 25 $^\circ\text{C}$ (80 $^\circ\text{F}).$

AMBIENT TEMP./STARTER (CHOKE) POSI-TION



- 1. Fully open
- 2. Half open
- 3. Closed
- 4. Starter (choke)
 - 6. Completely close the throttle lever and start the engine by pushing the start switch.

NOTE:

If the engine fails to start, release the start switch, then push it again. Pause a few seconds before the next attempt. Each cranking should be as short as possible to preserve battery energy. Do not crank the engine more than 10 seconds on each attempt. If the engine is started with the starter (choke) in position (1), the starter (choke) should be returned to position (2) to warm up the engine. If the engine is started with the starter (choke) in position (2), keep the starter (choke) in this position to warm up the engine.

ECB00160

CAUTION:

For maximum engine life, always warm the engine up before starting off. Never accelerate hard when the engine is cold!

8. Continue warming up the engine until it idles smoothly, then return the starter (choke) to position (3) before riding.

NOTE: ____

The engine is warm when it responds normally to the throttle with the starter (choke) turned off.

EBU20290

Starting a warm engine

Follow the same procedure as for starting a cold engine with the exception that the starter (choke) is not required when the engine is warm. Instead, start the engine with the throttle slightly open. EBU20460

Operating the drive select lever and driving in reverse

ECB00170

CAUTION:

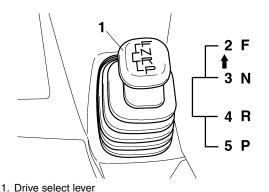
Before shifting, stop the ATV, otherwise the transmission may be damaged.

Shifting: Neutral to Forward

- 1. Bring the ATV to a complete stop.
- 2. Apply the brake pedal, and then shift by moving the drive select lever along the shift guide.

NOTE: ____

Make sure that the drive select lever is completely shifted into position.



- 6
- 2. F (Forward)
- 3. N (Neutral)
- 4. R (Reverse)
- 5. P (Park)
 - 3. Release the brake pedal, and then open the throttle lever gradually.

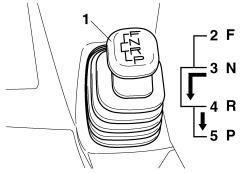
Shifting: Neutral to Reverse and Reverse to Park

NOTE:

The drive select lever cannot be shifted into or from reverse or park without applying the brake pedal.

- 1. Bring the ATV to a complete stop.
- 2. Apply the brake pedal.

3. Shift from neutral to reverse or from reverse to park and vice versa by moving the drive select lever along the shift guide.



- 1. Drive select lever
- 2. F (Forward)
- 3. N (Neutral)
- 4. R (Reverse)
- 5. P (Park)

NOTE:

• When in reverse, the reverse indicator light should come on. If the indicator light does not come on, have a Yamaha dealer check the electrical circuit.

- Due to the synchronizing mechanism in the engine, the indicator light may not come on until the ATV starts moving.
 - 4. Check behind for people or obstacles, and then release the brake pedal.
 - 5. Open the throttle lever gradually and continue to watch to the rear while backing.

EWB00720

WARNING

Improper operation in reverse could make you hit an obstacle or even a person behind you, resulting in serious injury. When you shift into reverse, make sure there are no people or obstacles behind you. When it is safe to proceed, go slowly.

Engine break-in

There is never a more important period in the life of your engine than the first 20 hours of riding. For this reason, you should read the following material carefully.

Since the engine is brand new, do not put an excessive load on it for the first 20 hours. The various parts in the engine wear and polish themselves to the correct operating clearances. During this period, prolonged full-throttle operation or any condition that might result in engine overheating must be avoided.

0–10 hours

Avoid prolonged operation above 1/2 throttle. Vary the speed of the ATV regularly. Do not operate it at one set throttle position.

10-20 hours

Avoid prolonged operation above 3/4 throttle. Rev the engine freely but, do not use full throttle at any time.

20 hours and beyond

The ATV can now be operated normally.

CAUTION:

If any engine trouble should occur during the engine break-in period, immediately have a Yamaha dealer check the ATV.

EBU20690 Parking

When parking the ATV, stop the engine, shift the drive select lever into the park position, and then turn the fuel cock to the "OFF" position.

Parking on a slope

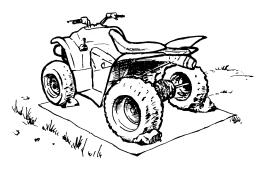
EWB00860

6

Avoid parking on hills or other inclines. Parking on a hill or other incline could cause the ATV to roll out of control, increasing the chance of an accident. If you must park on an incline, place the ATV transversely across the incline, stop the engine, shift the drive select lever to the park position, and then block the front and rear wheels with rocks or other objects.

Do not park the ATV at all on hills that are so steep you could not walk up them easily.

- 1. Bring the ATV to a stop by applying the brakes.
- 2. Stop the engine.
- 3. With the brake pedal applied, shift the drive select lever to the park position.



Accessories and loading

EBU20920

Accessories

Accessories can affect the handling and control of your ATV. Keep the following in mind when considering an accessory or operating an ATV which has accessories.

 Choose only accessories designed for your ATV. Your Yamaha dealer has a variety of genuine Yamaha accessories. Other accessories may also be available on the market. However, it is not possible for Yamaha to test all non-Yamaha accessories, nor control over their quality or suitability. Choose a genuine Yamaha accessory, or one that is equivalent in design and quality.

- Accessories should be rigidly and securely mounted. An accessory which can shift position or come off while you are riding could affect your ability to control the ATV.
- Do not mount an accessory where it could interfere with your ability to control the ATV. Examples include (but are not limited to) a heavy or bulky object attached to the handlebars which could make steering difficult, an accessory that limits your ability to move around on the seat, or one that limits your view.
- Use extra caution when riding an ATV with accessories. The ATV may handle differently than it does without accessories.

EBU26390

Loading

As originally equipped, this ATV is not designed to carry cargo or tow a trailer. If you choose to add accessories so that you can carry cargo or tow a trailer, you must use common sense and good judgment as the stability and handling of an ATV can be changed. When adding accessories, keep the following points in mind: • Never exceed the weight limits shown. An overloaded ATV can be unstable.

MAXIMUM LOADING LIMIT	
ATV loading limit (total weight of rider, cargo	
accessories, and tongue):	
100.0 kg (220 lb)	
Storage compartment:	
2.0 kg (4 lb)	

• If you are carrying cargo and towing a trailer, include the tongue weight in the maximum ATV load limit.

6

- Load cargo on the carriers as close to the center of the ATV as possible. Put cargo at the rear of the front carrier, at the front of the rear carrier, and center it.
- Tie down cargo securely to the carriers. Make sure cargo in the trailer cannot move around. A shifting load can cause an accident.
- Make sure the load does not interfere with controls or your ability to see where you are going.
- Ride more slowly than you would without a load. The more weight you carry, the slower you should go.
- Allow more braking distance. A heavier ATV takes longer to stop.

- Avoid making sharp turns unless at very slow speeds.
- Avoid hills and rough terrain. Choose terrain carefully. Added weight affects the stability and handling of the ATV.

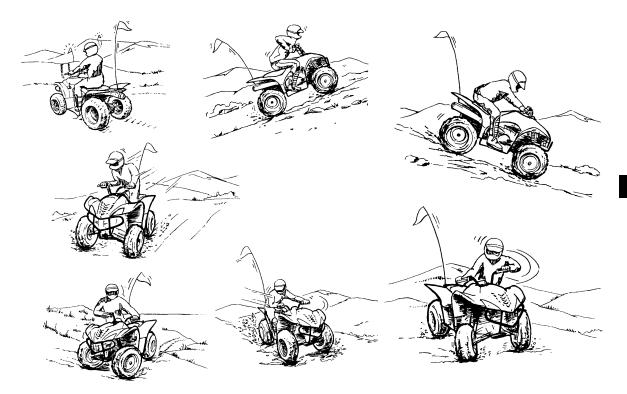
EWB00820

tance for braking.

Never exceed the stated load capacity for this ATV. Overloading this ATV or carrying or towing cargo improperly could cause changes in ATV handling which could lead to an accident. Cargo should be properly distributed and securely attached. Reduce speed when carrying cargo or pulling a trailer. Allow greater dis-

6

RIDING YOUR ATV



GETTING TO KNOW YOUR ATV

This ATV is intended for recreational use by experienced operators only. Even if you are an experienced operator of all other all terrain ATVs or motorcycles, riding the ATV requires special skills acquired through practice. Take your time to fully learn techniques before attempting more difficult maneuvers.

Riding your new ATV can be a very enjoyable activity, providing you with hours of pleasure. But it is essential to familiarize yourself with the operation of the ATV to achieve the skill necessary to enjoy

riding safely. Before you begin to ride, be sure you have read this Owner's Manual completely and understand the operation of the controls. Pay particular attention to the safety information on pages 1-1-1-4. Please also read all caution and warning labels on your ATV.

RIDE WITH CARE AND GOOD JUDGEMENT

Get training if you are inexperienced.

Beginners should get training from a certified instructor

Become familiar with this ATV at slow speeds first, even if you are an experienced operator. Do not attempt to operate at maximum performance until you are totally familiar with the ATV's handling and performance characteristics.

EWB01380

Never operate this ATV without proper instruction. Beginning and inexperienced operators should regularly practice the skills and the operating techniques described in this Owner's Manual. The risk of an accident is greatly increased if the operator does not know how to operate the ATV properly in different situations and on different types of terrain.

Riding your ATV requires skills acquired through practice over a period of time.

Take the time to learn the basic techniques well before attempting more difficult maneuvers.

7

Not recommended for children under 16 years of age.

EWB01390

WARNING

A child under 16 should never operate an ATV with engine size greater than 90 cc. Use by children of ATVs that are not recommended for their age can lead to severe injury or death of the child.



This ATV is designed to carry operator and cargo only – passengers prohibited.

EWB01400

Never carry a passenger. The long seat is to allow the operator to shift position as needed during operation. It is not for carrying passengers. Carrying a passenger on this ATV greatly reduces your ability to balance and control this ATV. It could cause an accident, resulting in harm to you and/or your passenger.



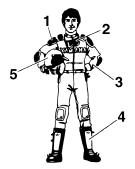


Apparel

Always wear an approved motorcycle helmet that fits properly.

You should also wear:

- eye protection (goggles or face shield)
- gloves
- boots
- long-sleeved shirt or jacket
- long pants



- 1. Protective clothing
- 2. Goggles
- 3. Gloves
- 4. Boots
- 5. Helmet

EWB01410

Never operate this ATV without wearing an approved motorcycle helmet, eye protection and protective clothing. Operating without an approved motorcycle helmet increases your chances of a severe head injury or death in the event of an accident. Operating without eye protection can result in an accident and increases your chances of a severe injury in the event of an accident. Operating without protective clothing increases your chances of severe injury in the event of an accident.

Do not operate after consuming alcohol or drugs.

The operator's performance capability is reduced by the influence of alcohol or drugs.



WARNING

Never consume alcohol or drugs before or while driving this ATV.

Pre-operation checks

Always perform the pre-operation checks listed on page 5-1 before riding for proper care of the ATV and to ensure safety.

EWB01430

Always inspect your ATV each time you use it to make sure the ATV is in safe operating condition. Always follow the inspection and maintenance procedures and schedules described in the Owner's Manual. Failure to inspect the ATV before operating or failure to properly maintain the ATV increases the possibility of an accident or equipment damage.

EWB01440

Always use the size and type tires specified in the Owner's Manual for this ATV on page 5-5. Always maintain proper tire pressure as described in the Owner's Manual on page 5-6. Use of improper tires on this ATV, or operation of this ATV with improper or uneven tire pressure, may cause loss of control, increasing your risk of an accident.

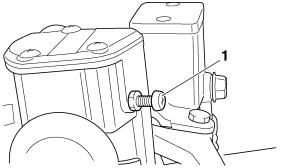
Do not operate at speeds too fast for your skills or the conditions.

EWB01450

Always go at a speed that is proper for the terrain, visibility and operating conditions, and your experience. Operating this ATV at speeds too fast for your skills or the conditions increases your chances of losing control of the ATV, which can result in an accident.

Speed limiter

For riders less experienced with this model, the throttle lever housing is equipped with a speed limiter. The speed limiter keeps the throttle from fully opening, even when the throttle lever is pushed to the maximum. Turning in the adjusting screw limits the maximum engine power available and decreases the maximum speed of the ATV. Turning in the adjusting screw decreases top speed, and turning it out increases top speed. (See page 4-6.)



1. Adjusting screw

Loading and accessories

As originally equipped, this ATV is not designed to carry cargo or tow a trailer. If you choose to add accessories so that you can carry cargo or tow a trailer, you must use common sense and good judgment.

Use extra caution when riding the ATV with additional loads, such as accessories or cargo. The ATV's handling may be adversely affected. Reduce your speed when adding additional loads.

MAXIMUM LOADING LIMIT ATV loading limit (total weight of cargo, rider, accessories, and tongue): 100.0 kg (220 lb) Storage compartment: 2.0 kg (4 lb)

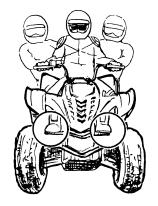
EWB01460

- Never exceed the stated load capacity for this ATV.
- Cargo should be properly distributed and securely attached.
- Reduce speed when carrying cargo or pulling a trailer. Allow greater distance for braking.

• Always follow the instructions in your Owner's Manual for carrying cargo or pulling a trailer.

During operation

Always keep your feet on the footboards during operation, otherwise they may contact the rear wheels.



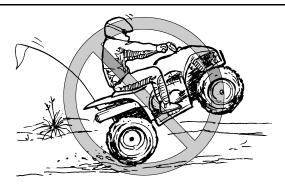
EWB01470

Always keep both hands on the handlebars and both feet on the footboards of your ATV during operation. Removing even one hand or foot can reduce your ability to control the ATV or could cause you to lose your balance and fall off of the ATV. If you remove a foot from a footboard, your foot or leg may come into contact with the rear wheels, which could injure you or cause an accident.

Avoid wheelies and jumping. You may lose control of the ATV or overturn.

EWB01480

Never attempt stunts, such as wheelies or jumps. Don't try to show off.



Modifications

EWB01490

Never modify this ATV through improper installation or use of accessories. All parts and accessories added to this ATV should be genuine Yamaha or equivalent components designed for use on this ATV and should be installed and used according to instructions. Improper installation of accessories or modification of this ATV may cause changes in handling which in some situations could lead to an accident. If you have questions, consult an authorized ATV dealer.

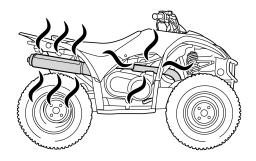
Exhaust system

The exhaust system on the ATV is very hot during and following operation. To prevent burns, avoid touching the exhaust system. Park the ATV in a place where pedestrians or children are not likely to touch it. Also, avoid parking in or around dry grass, brush or other combustible materials to prevent causing a fire hazard.

EWB01500

• Do not touch the hot exhaust system.

- Do not park the ATV during or after operation in a place where others might be likely to touch it.
- Do not operate, idle, or park the ATV in dry grass, dry ground cover, or combustible materials.

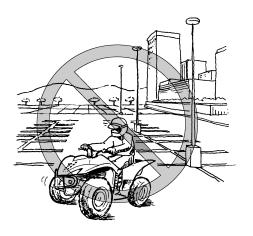


BE CAREFUL WHERE YOU RIDE

This ATV is designed for use on unpaved surfaces only. Riding on paved surfaces can cause loss of control. EWB01510

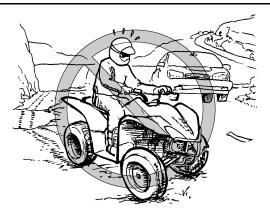
WARNING

Always avoid paved surfaces, including sidewalks, driveways, parking lots and streets. ATVs are designed for use on unpaved surfaces only. Paved surfaces may seriously affect handling and control of the ATV, and may cause the ATV to go out of control.



While riding on unpaved public streets or roads may be legal in your area, such operation can increase the risk of collision with other vehicles. Watch carefully for other vehicles. Make sure you know your country's laws and regulations before you ride on unpaved public streets or roads. Do not ride on any paved public street, road or motorway. EWB01520

Never operate this ATV on any paved street, paved road or motorway. You can collide with another vehicle. In many areas, it is illegal to operate ATVs on public streets, roads and highways.



Know the terrain where you ride. Ride cautiously in unfamiliar areas. Stay alert for **holes**, **rocks**, **or roots** in the terrain, and **other hidden hazards** which may cause the ATV to upset.

EWB01530

Go slowly and be extra careful when operating on unfamiliar terrain. Always be alert to changing terrain conditions when operating the ATV.

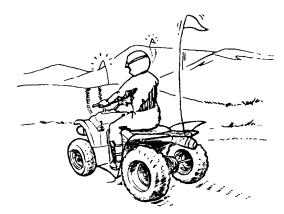


EWB01540

Do not operate on excessively rough, slippery or loose terrain until you have learned and practiced the skills necessary to control the ATV on such terrain. Failure to use extra care when operating on excessively rough, slippery or loose terrain could cause loss of traction or ATV control, which could result in an accident, including an overturn.



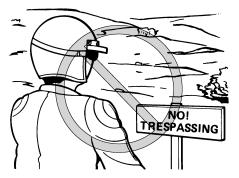
When riding in an area where you might not easily be seen, such as desert terrain, mount a caution flag on the ATV. DO NOT use the flag pole bracket as a trailer hitch.



EWB01550

Always mount a caution flag on the ATV to make you more visible when operating in areas where you might not be seen by other vehicles. Watch carefully for other vehicles.

Do not ride in areas posted "no trespassing". Do not ride on private property without getting permission.



Select a large, flat, unpaved area to become familiar with your ATV. Make sure that this area is free of obstacles and other riders. You should practice control of the throttle, brakes, and turning techniques in this area before trying more difficult terrain. Always avoid riding on paved surfaces: the ATV is designed for use on unpaved surfaces only, and handling maneuvers are more difficult to perform on pavement.

Shift to the park position and follow the instruction on page 6-1 to start the engine. Once it has warmed up you are ready to begin riding your ATV. Remember that the engine and exhaust pipe will be hot when riding and afterwards; do not allow skin or clothing to come in contact with these components. With the engine idling, return the starter (choke) to the closed position, and shift the drive select lever into the forward position. Apply the throttle slowly and smoothly. The centrifugal clutch will engage and you will start to accelerate. If the throttle is applied too abruptly, the front wheels may lift off the ground, resulting in a loss of directional control. Avoid higher speeds until you are thoroughly familiar with the operation of your ATV.

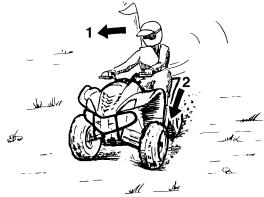
When slowing down or stopping, release the throttle and apply the brakes smoothly and evenly. Improper use of the brakes can cause the tires to lose traction, reducing control and increasing the possibility of an accident.

TURNING YOUR ATV

To achieve maximum traction on unpaved surfaces, the two rear wheels are mounted solidly on one axle and turn together at the same speed. Therefore, unless the wheel on the inside of the turn is allowed to slip or lose some traction, the ATV will resist turning. A special turning technique must be used to allow the ATV to make turns quickly and easily. It is essential that this skill be learned first at low speed. EWB01570

Always follow proper procedures for turning as described in this Owner's Manual. Practice turning at low speeds before attempting to turn at faster speeds. Do not turn at speeds too fast for your skills or the conditions.

As you approach a curve, slow down and begin to turn the handlebars in the desired direction. As you do so, put your weight on the footboard to the outside of the turn (opposite your desired direction) and lean your upper body into the turn. Use the throttle to maintain an even speed through the turn. This maneuver will let the wheel on the inside of the turn slip slightly, allowing the ATV to make the turn properly.



1. Lean towards inside of turn.

2. Support your weight on the outer footboard.

This procedure should be practiced at slow speed many times in a large unpaved area with no obstacles. If an incorrect technique is used, your ATV may continue to go straight. If the ATV doesn't turn, come to a stop and then practice the procedure again. If the riding surface is slippery or loose, it may help to position more of your weight over the front wheels by moving forward on the seat. Once you have learned this technique, you should

be able to perform it at higher speeds or in tighter curves.

Improper riding procedures such as abrupt throttle changes, excessive braking, incorrect body movements, or too much speed for the sharpness of the turn may cause the ATV to tip. If the ATV begins to tip over to the outside while negotiating a turn, lean more to the inside. It may also be necessary to gradually let off on the throttle and steer to the outside of the turn to avoid tipping over.

Remember: Avoid higher speeds until you are thoroughly familiar with the operation of your ATV.

CLIMBING UPHILL

Use proper riding techniques to avoid ATV overturns on hills. Be sure that you can maneuver your ATV well on flat ground before attempting any incline and then practice riding first on gentle slopes. Try more difficult climbs only after you have developed your skill. In all cases avoid inclines with slippery or loose surfaces, or obstacles that might cause you to lose control. EWB01580

Never operate the ATV on hills too steep for the ATV or for your abilities. The ATV can overturn more easily on extremely steep hills than on level surfaces or small hills. Practice on smaller hills before attempting large hills.

It is important when climbing a hill to make sure that your weight is transferred forward on the ATV. This can be accomplished by leaning forward and, on steeper inclines, standing on the footboards and leaning forward over the handlebars.

- Always follow proper procedures for climbing hills as described in this Owner's Manual.
- Always check the terrain carefully before you start up any hill.
- Never climb hills with excessively slippery or loose surfaces.
- Shift your weight forward.
- Never open the throttle suddenly. The ATV could flip over backwards.

• Never go over the top of any hill at high speed. An obstacle, a sharp drop, or another vehicle or person could be on the other side of the hill.

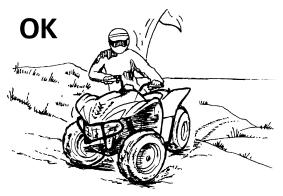


If you are climbing a hill and you find that you have not properly judged your ability to make it to the top, you should turn the ATV around while you still have forward motion (provided you have the room to do so) and go down the hill. EWB01600

Never attempt to turn the ATV around on any hill until you have mastered the turning technique as described in the Owner's Manual on level ground. Be very careful when turning on any hill. Avoid crossing the side of a steep hill if possible.

When crossing the side of a hill:

- Always follow proper procedures as described in the Owner's Manual.
- Avoid hills with excessively slippery or loose surfaces.
- Shift your weight to the uphill side of the ATV.



If your ATV has stalled or stopped and you believe you can continue up the hill, restart carefully to make sure you do not lift the front wheels which could cause you to lose control. If you are unable to continue up the hill, dismount the ATV on the uphill side. Physically turn the ATV around and then descend the hill.

If you start to roll backwards, DO NOT apply either brake abruptly. If you are in 2WD, apply only the front brake. If you are in 4WD, because all wheels are interconnected by the drive train, applying either brake will brake all wheels, therefore, avoid sudden application of either the front or rear brake as the wheels on the uphill side could come off the ground. The ATV could easily tip over backwards. Apply both the front and rear brakes gradually, or dismount the ATV immediately on the uphill side.

WARNING

Maintain steady speed when climbing a hill. If you lose all forward speed:

- Keep weight uphill.
- Apply the brakes.
- Shift to the park position after you are stopped.
- If you begin rolling backwards:
- Keep weight uphill.
- 2WD: Never apply the rear brake while rolling backwards. Apply the front brake. When fully stopped, shift to the park position.
- 4WD: Apply both front and rear brakes gradually. When fully stopped, shift to the park position.

Dismount on uphill side or to a side if pointed straight uphill. Turn the ATV around and remount, following the procedure described in the Owner's Manual.



RIDING DOWNHILL

When riding your ATV downhill, shift your weight as far to the rear and uphill side of the ATV as possible. Move back on the seat and sit with your arms straight. Engine compression will do most of the braking for you. For maximum engine compression braking effect, change to 4WD before beginning to descend the hill. Improper braking may cause a loss of traction.

Use caution while descending a hill with loose or slippery surfaces. Braking ability and traction may be adversely affected by these surfaces. Improper braking may also cause a loss of traction. When this ATV is in 4WD, all wheels (front and rear) are interconnected by the drive train. This means that applying either the front brake or the rear brake will brake all wheels. When descending hills, using either brake lever or the brake pedal will brake the wheels on the downhill side. Avoid sudden application of either the front or rear brake because the wheels on the uphill side could come off the ground. Apply both the front and rear brakes gradually.

Whenever possible, ride your ATV straight downhill. Avoid sharp angles which could allow the ATV to tip or roll over. Carefully choose your path and ride no faster than you will be able to react to obstacles which may appear.

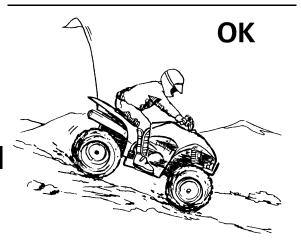
EWB01620

Always follow proper procedures for going down hills as described in this Owner's Manual.

Note: a special technique is required when braking as you go down a hill.

- Always check the terrain carefully before you start down any hill.
- Shift your weight backward.
- Never go down a hill at high speed.

• Avoid going down a hill at an angle that would cause the ATV to lean sharply to one side. Go straight down the hill where possible.



CROSSING A SLOPE

Traversing a sloping surface on your ATV requires you to properly position your weight to maintain proper balance. Be sure that you have learned the basic riding skills on flat ground before attempting to cross a sloping surface. Avoid slopes with slippery surfaces or rough terrain that may upset your balance.

As you travel across a slope, lean your body in the uphill direction. It may be necessary to correct the steering when riding on loose surfaces by pointing the front wheels slightly uphill. When riding on slopes, be sure not to make sharp turns either up or down hill.

If your ATV does begin to tip over, gradually steer in the downhill direction if there are no obstacles in your path. As you regain proper balance, gradually steer again in the direction you wish to travel. EWB01631

Never attempt to turn the ATV around on any hill until you have mastered the turning technique as described in the Owner's Manual on level ground. Be very careful when turning on any hill. Avoid crossing the side of a steep hill if possible.

When crossing the side of a hill:

- Always follow proper procedures as described in the Owner's Manual.
- Avoid hills with excessively slippery or loose surfaces.

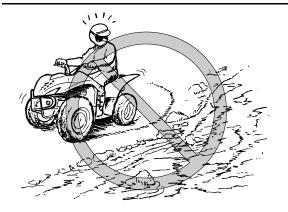
• Shift your weight to the uphill side of the ATV.



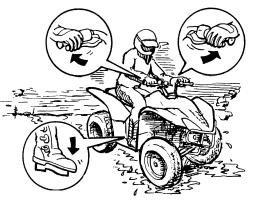
CROSSING THROUGH SHALLOW WATER

The ATV can be used to cross slow moving, shallow water of up to a maximum of 35 cm (14 in) in depth. Before entering the water, choose your path carefully. Enter where there is no sharp drop off, and avoid rocks or other obstacles which may be slippery or upset the ATV. Drive slowly and carefully. EWB01640

Never operate this ATV in fast flowing water or in water deeper than that specified in your Owner's Manual. Remember that wet brakes may have reduced stopping ability. Test your brakes after leaving water. If necessary, apply them several times to let friction dry out the linings. If the ATV is operated through deep or fast flowing water, the tires may float, causing loss of traction and loss of control, which could lead to an accident.

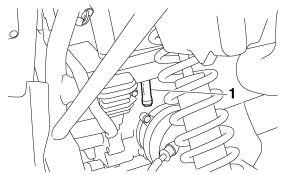


Test your brakes after leaving the water. Do not continue to ride your ATV without verifying that you have regained proper braking ability.

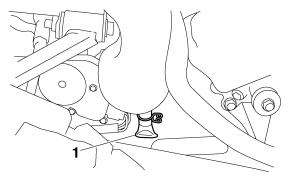


ECB00730

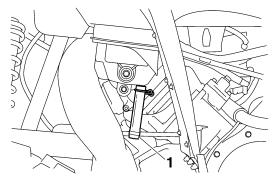
After riding your ATV in water, be sure to drain the trapped water by removing the check hose at the bottom of the air filter case, the V-belt cooling duct check hose, the drive select lever box check hose and the storage compartment drain plugs. Also, remove the V-belt case drain plug to drain any water that may have accumulated. Wash the ATV in fresh water if it has been operated in salt water or muddy conditions.



1. Air filter case check hose

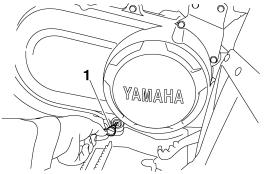


1. V-belt cooling duct check hose (left front side of ATV)



1. Drive select lever box check hose

- 1. Storage compartment drain plug



1. V-belt case drain plug

RIDING OVER ROUGH TERRAIN

Riding over rough terrain should be done with caution. Look out for obstacles which could cause damage to the ATV or could lead to an upset or accident. Be sure to keep your feet firmly mounted on the footboards at all times. Avoid jumping the ATV as loss of control and damage to the ATV may result.

EWB01650

Before operating in a new area, check for obstacles. Never attempt to ride over large obstacles, such as large rocks or fallen trees. When you go over obstacles, always follow proper procedures as described in the Owner's Manual.

SLIDING AND SKIDDING

Care should be used when riding on loose or slippery surfaces since the ATV may slide. If unexpected and uncorrected, sliding could lead to an accident.

To reduce the tendency for the front wheels to slide in loose or slippery conditions, positioning your weight over the front wheels will sometimes help.



If the rear wheels of your ATV start to slide sideways, control can usually be regained (if there is room to do so) by steering in the direction of the slide. Applying the brakes or accelerating is not recommended until you have corrected the slide.



With practice, over a period of time, skill at controlled sliding can be developed. The terrain should be chosen carefully before attempting such maneuvers, since both stability and control are reduced. Bear in mind that sliding maneuvers should always be avoided on extremely slippery surfaces such as ice, since all control may be lost.

EWB01661

Learn to safely control skidding or sliding by practicing at low speeds and on level, smooth terrain. On extremely slippery surfaces, such as ice, go slowly and be very cautious in order to reduce the chance of skidding or sliding out of control.

WHAT TO DO IF...

This section is designed to be a reference guide only. Be sure to read each section on riding techniques completely.

WHAT TO DO ...

- If your ATV doesn't turn when you want it to: Bring the ATV to a stop and practice the turning maneuvers again. Be sure you are putting your weight on the footboard to the outside of the turn. Position your weight over the front wheels for better control. (See page 7-12.)
- If your ATV begins to tip while turning: Lean more into the turn to regain balance. If necessary, gradually let off the throttle and/or steer to the outside of the turn. (See page 7-12.)
- If your ATV starts to slide sideways: Steer in the direction of the slide if you have the room. Applying the brakes or accelerating is not recommended until you have corrected the slide. (See page 7-22.)

• If your ATV can't make it up a hill you are trying to climb:

Turn the ATV around if you still have forward speed. If not, stop, dismount on the uphill side of the ATV and physically turn the ATV around. If the ATV starts to slip backwards, DO NOT USE THE REAR BRAKE IF THE ATV IS IN 2WD - the ATV may tip over on top of you. Dismount the ATV on the uphill side. (See page 7-14.)

- If your ATV is traversing a sloping surface: Be sure to ride with your weight positioned towards the uphill side of the ATV to maintain proper balance. If the ATV starts to tip, steer down the hill (if there are no obstacles in your way) to regain balance. If you discover that the ATV is going to tip over, dismount on the uphill side. (See page 7-14.)
- If your ATV encounters shallow water: Ride slowly and carefully through slow moving water, watching for obstacles. Be sure to let water drain from the ATV and CHECK YOUR BRAKES FOR PROPER OPERATION when you come out of the water. Do not continue to ride your ATV until you have regained adequate braking ability. (See page 7-19.)

PERIODIC MAINTENANCE AND MINOR REPAIR

EBU21670

Safety is an obligation of the owner. Periodic inspection, adjustment and lubrication will keep your ATV in the safest and best operating condition possible. The most important points of inspection, adjustment, and lubrication are explained on the following pages.

The intervals given in the periodic maintenance and lubrication chart should be considered as a general guide under normal riding conditions. However, DEPENDING ON THE WEATHER, TERRAIN, GEOGRAPHICAL LOCATION, AND INDIVIDUAL USE, THE MAINTENANCE INTER-VALS MAY NEED TO BE SHORTENED.

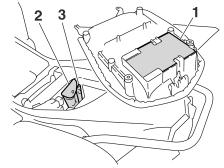
EWB01840

Never service an engine while it is running. Moving parts can catch clothing or parts of the body, causing injury. Electrical components can cause shocks or start fires. Turn off the engine when performing maintenance unless otherwise specified. Have a Yamaha dealer perform the service if you are not familiar with maintenance work.

EBU21730

Owner's manual and tool kit

Be sure to put this owner's manual in the plastic bag and always carry it on the bottom of the seat as shown. Put the owner's tool kit and low-pressure tire gauge under the seat.



- 1. Owner's manual
- 2. Owner's tool kit
- 3. Low-pressure tire gauge

The service information included in this manual and the tools provided in the owner's tool kit are intended to assist you in the performance of preventive maintenance and minor repairs. However, additional tools such as a torque wrench may be necessary to perform certain maintenance work correctly.

NOTE: ____

If you do not have the tools or experience required for a particular job, have a Yamaha dealer perform it for you.

EWB01850

Never modify this ATV through improper installation or use of accessories, as it may cause changes in handling, which in some situations could lead to an accident. All parts and accessories added to this ATV should be genuine Yamaha or equivalent components designed for use on this ATV and should be installed and used according to instructions. If you have questions, consult an authorized Yamaha ATV dealer.

EBU22410 Periodic maintenance and lubrication chart

NOTE: ____

- For ATVs not equipped with an odometer or an hour meter, follow the month maintenance intervals.
- For ATVs equipped with an odometer or an hour meter, follow the km (mi) or hours maintenance intervals. However, keep in mind that if the ATV isn't used for a long period of time, the month maintenance intervals should be followed.
- Items marked with an asterisk should be performed by a Yamaha dealer as they require special tools, data and technical skills.

			CHECK OR MAINTENANCE JOB			INITIAL			EVERY	
NO.		ITEM		Whichev- er comes first □	month	1	3	6	6	12
	0.				km (mi)	320 (200)	1200 (750)	2400 (1500)	2400 (1500)	4800 (3000)
					hours	20	75	150	150	300
1	*	Fuel line	 Check fuel hoses for cracks or other damage, and replace if necessary. 					\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
2		Spark plug	 Check condition and clean, regap, or replace if necessary. 			\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
3	*	Valves	Check valve clearance and adjust if necessary.			\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark	
4		Air filter element	Clean and replace if necessary.			Every 20–40 hours (more often ir dusty areas)				wet or
5	*	Front brake	 Check operation and correct if necessary. Check fluid level and ATV for fluid leakage, and correct if necessary. 			\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
	Replace brake pads.				Wheneve	er worn to	o the limi	t		

		ITEM	CHECK OR MAINTENANCE JOB			INITIAL			EVERY		
NO.				Whichev- er comes first ⊑>	month	1	3	6	6	12	
	0.				km (mi)	320 (200)	1200 (750)	2400 (1500)	2400 (1500)	4800 (3000)	
					hours	20	75	150	150	300	
6	*	Rear brake	 Check operation and correct if necessary. Check brake lever free play and adjust if necessary. Check fluid level and ATV for fluid leakage, and correct if necessary. 			\checkmark	V	V	V	V	
			Replace brake pads.				Whenever worn to the limit				
7	*	Brake hoses • Check for cracks or other damage, and replace if necessary.				\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		
			Replace.				E٧	ars			
8	*	Wheels	Check runout and for damage, and replace if nec- essary.			\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
9	*	Tires	 Check tread depth and for damage, and replace if necessary. Check air pressure and balance, and correct if necessary. 			\checkmark		V		\checkmark	
10	*	Wheel bearings	Check for looseness or damage, and replace if necessary.			\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
11	*	Swingarm	• Check for excessive play, and correct if necessary.					V			
12	*	V-belt	 Check for wear, cracks or other damage, and re- place if necessary. 			\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
13	*	Drive shaft univer- sal joint	Lubricate with lithium-soap-based grease.					\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
14	*	Chassis fasteners	 Make sure that all nuts, bolts, and screws are properly tightened. 			\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	

						INITIAL			EVERY	
NO.		. ІТЕМ	CHECK OR MAINTENANCE JOB	Whichev- er comes first ⊑>	month	1	3	6	6	12
	0.				km (mi)	320 (200)	1200 (750)	2400 (1500)	2400 (1500)	4800 (3000)
					hours	20	75	150	150	300
15	*	Shock absorber as- semblies	 Check operation and correct if necessary. Check for oil leakage and replace if necessary. 					\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
16	*	Knuckle pivots	Lubricate with lithium-soap-based grease.					\checkmark		\checkmark
17	*	Knuckle shafts	 Lubricate with lithium-soap-base 	ased grease.				\checkmark		
18	*	Steering shaft	Lubricate with lithium-soap-based grease.					\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
19	*	Steering system	 Check operation and repair or replace if damaged. Check toe-in and adjust if necessary. 				\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
20	*	Engine mount	Check for cracks or other damage, and replace if necessary.					\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
21	*	Axle boots	Check for cracks or other damage, and replace if necessary.				Befo	ide.		
22	*	Carburetor	 Check starter (choke) operation and correct if necessary. Check engine idling speed and adjust if necessary. 				V	V	\checkmark	\checkmark
23	*	Crankcase breather system	Check breather hose for cracks or other damage, and replace if necessary.					\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
24		Engine oil	 Change. Check ATV for oil leakage, and correct if necessary. 			\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
25		Engine oil filter car- tridge	• Replace.			\checkmark		\checkmark		\checkmark
26	*	Engine oil strainer	• Clean.		V		V			

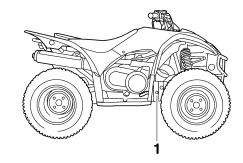
			CHECK OR MAINTENANCE			INITIAL			EVERY	
				Whichev-	month	1	3	6	6	12
NO.		ITEM	JOB	er comes first ⊏>	km (mi)	320 (200)	1200 (750)	2400 (1500)	2400 (1500)	4800 (3000)
					hours	20	75	150	150	300
27		Differential gear oil	 Change. Check ATV for oil leakage, and correct if necessary. 			\checkmark				\checkmark
28		Final gear oil	 Change. Check ATV for oil leakage, and correct if necessary. 			\checkmark				\checkmark
29		Cooling system	Check coolant level and ATV for coolant leakage, and correct if necessary.			\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
					Every 2 years					
30	*	Moving parts and cables	Lubricate.				\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
31	*	Drive select lever safety system cable	Check operation and adjust or replace if neces- sary.					V	\checkmark	\checkmark
32	*	Throttle lever hous- ing and cable	 Check operation and correct if necessary. Check throttle cable free play and adjust if necessary. Lubricate throttle lever housing and cable. 			\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	V	\checkmark
33	*	Exhaust system	 Check for leakage and replace gasket(s) if necessary. Check for looseness and tighten all screw clamps and joints if necessary. 					\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
34	*	Front and rear brake switches	Check operation and correct if necessary.			\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
35	*	Lights and switches	Check operation and correct if necessary.Adjust headlight beams.			\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark

NOTE: _

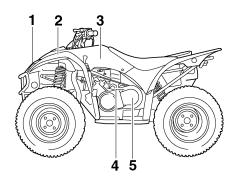
- The air filter needs more frequent service if you are riding in unusually wet or dusty areas.
- Hydraulic brake service
 - Regularly check and, if necessary, correct the brake fluid level.
 - Every two years replace the internal components of the brake master cylinders and calipers, and change the brake fluid.
 - Replace the brake hoses every four years and if cracked or damaged.

Removing and installing cowlings and panels

The cowlings and panels shown need to be removed to perform some of the maintenance jobs described in this chapter. Refer to this section each time a cowling or panel needs to be removed and installed.







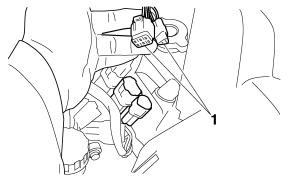
- 1. Panel B
- 2. Cowling A
- 3. Cowling B
- 4. Panel C
- 5. Panel D

EBU26581

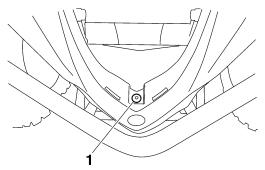
Cowling A

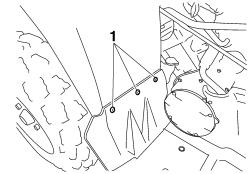
To remove the cowling

- 1. Remove cowling B.
- 2. Remove panel B.
- 3. Disconnect the speedometer unit couplers.

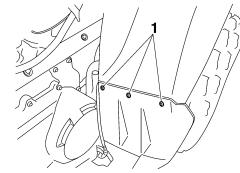


- 1. Speedometer unit coupler
 - 4. Remove cowling A by removing the bolts, nuts and washers.





1. Bolt (left side)



1. Bolt (right side)

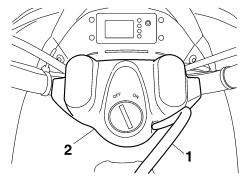
To install the cowling

- 1. Connect the speedometer unit couplers.
- 2. Install cowling A by installing the bolts, nuts and washers.
- 3. Install panel B.
- 4. Install cowling B.

Cowling B

To remove the cowling

- 1. Remove the seat. (See page 4-12.)
- 2. Pull the fuel tank breather hose out of the handlebar cover.



- 1. Fuel tank breather hose
- 2. Handlebar cover

3. Pull off the handlebar cover.

ECB00740

CAUTION:

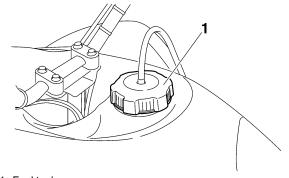
Do not disconnect the main switch coupler.

4. Remove the fuel tank cap by turning it counterclockwise.

ECB00750

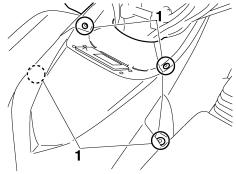
CAUTION:

- Make sure that no foreign material enters the fuel tank.
- Be sure to install the fuel tank cap immediately after removing and installing the cowling.

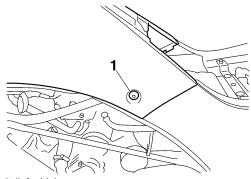


1. Fuel tank cap

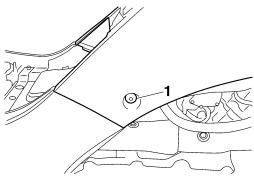
5. Remove the cowling by removing the bolts.



1. Bolt



1. Bolt (left side)



- 1. Bolt (right side)
 - 6. Install the fuel tank cap by turning it clockwise.

To install the cowling

1. Remove the fuel tank cap by turning it counterclockwise.

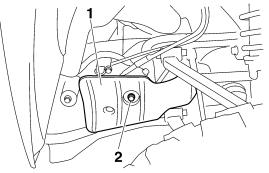
8

- 2. Install the cowling by installing the bolts.
- 3. Install the fuel tank cap by turning it clockwise.
- 4. Place the handlebar cover in the original position.
- 5. Pass the fuel tank breather hose through the hole of the handlebar cover.
- 6. Install the seat.

Panel A

To remove the panel

Remove the bolt, and then take the panel off.



- 8
- 1. Panel A

2. Bolt

To install the panel

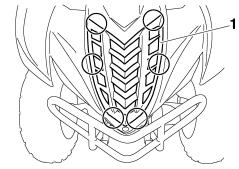
Place the panel in the original position and install the bolt.

ECB00380

CAUTION:

When installing the panel, be sure not to pinch the cables or wires.

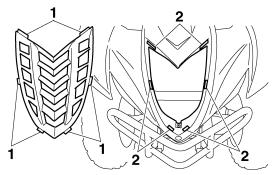
Panel B To remove the panel Pull outward on the areas shown.



1. Panel B

To install the panel

Insert the tabs on the panel into the slots in cowling A and push inward.



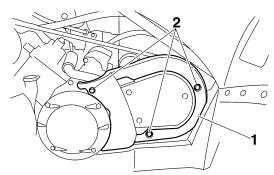
1. Tab

2. Slot

Panel C

To remove the panel

Remove the bolts, and then take the panel off.



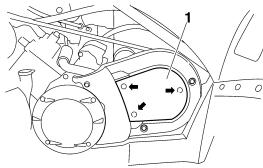
- 1. Panel C
- 2. Bolt

To install the panel

Place the panel in the original position and install the bolts.

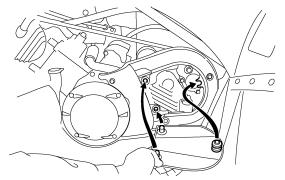
Panel D

To remove the panel Pull outward on the areas shown.



1. Panel D

To install the panel Place the panel in its original position.

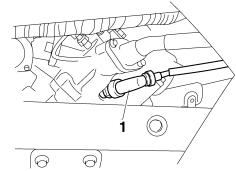


EBU23210 Checking the spark plug

The spark plug is an important engine component, which is easy to check. Since heat and deposits will cause any spark plug to slowly erode, the spark plug should be removed and checked in accordance with the periodic maintenance and lubrication chart. In addition, the condition of the spark plug can reveal the condition of the engine.

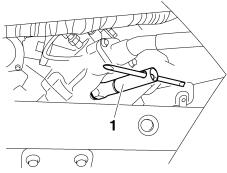
To remove the spark plug

1. Remove the spark plug cap.



1. Spark plug cap

2. Remove the spark plug as shown, with the spark plug wrench included in the owner's tool kit.



1. Spark plug wrench

To check the spark plug

1. Check that the porcelain insulator around the center electrode of the spark plug is a medium-to-light tan (the ideal color when the ATV is ridden normally).

NOTE:

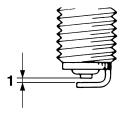
If the spark plug shows a distinctly different color, the engine could be defective. Do not attempt to diagnose such problems yourself. Instead, have a Yamaha dealer check the ATV. 2. Check the spark plug for electrode erosion and excessive carbon or other deposits, and replace it if necessary.

Specified spark plug: NGK/DR8EA

To install the spark plug

1. Measure the spark plug gap with a wire thickness gauge and, if necessary, adjust the gap to specification.

Spark plug gap: 0.6–0.7 mm (0.024–0.028 in)



- 1. Spark plug gap
- 2. Clean the surface of the spark plug gasket and its mating surface, and then wipe off any grime from the spark plug threads.
- 3. Install the spark plug with the spark plug wrench, and then tighten it to the specified torque.

Tightening torque: Spark plug: 17.5 Nm (1.75 m·kgf, 12.7 ft·lbf)

NOTE:

If a torque wrench is not available when installing a spark plug, a good estimate of the correct torque is 1/4-1/2 turn past finger tight. However, the spark plug should be tightened to the specified torque as soon as possible.

4. Install the spark plug cap.

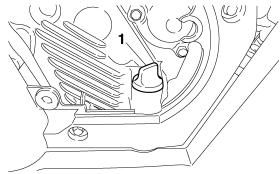
EBU26421

Engine oil and oil filter cartridge

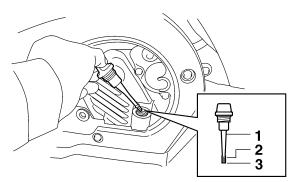
The engine oil level should be checked before each ride. In addition, the oil must be changed and the oil filter cartridge replaced at the intervals specified in the periodic maintenance and lubrication chart.

To check the engine oil level

- 1. Place the ATV on a level surface.
- 2. Remove panel D. (See page 8-8.)
- 3. Start the engine, warm it up for several minutes, and then turn it off.
- 4. Wait a few minutes until the oil settles before checking.
- 5. Remove the engine oil filler cap, and then wipe the dipstick off with a clean rag.



- 1. Engine oil filler cap
- 6. Insert the dipstick in the filler hole (without screwing it in), and then remove it again to check the oil level.



- 1. Dipstick
- 2. Maximum level mark
- 3. Minimum level mark

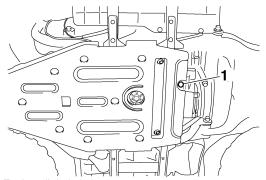
NOTE:

The engine oil should be between the minimum and maximum level marks.

- 7. If the engine oil is at or below the minimum level mark, add sufficient oil of the recommended type to raise it to the correct level.
- 8. Insert the dipstick into the oil filler hole, and then tighten the engine oil filler cap.
- 9. Install the panel.

To change the engine oil (with or without oil filter cartridge replacement)

- 1. Place the ATV on a level surface.
- 2. Remove panel D. (See page 8-8.)
- 3. Start the engine, warm it up for several minutes, and then turn it off.
- 4. Place an oil pan under the engine to collect the used oil.
- 5. Remove the engine oil filler cap, and then remove the engine oil drain bolt to drain the oil from the crankcase.

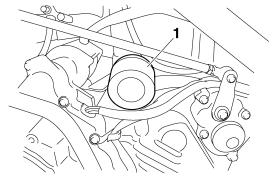


1. Engine oil drain bolt

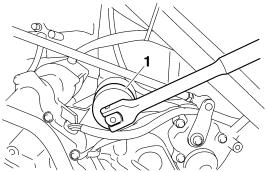
NOTE:

Skip steps 6–10 if the oil filter cartridge is not being replaced.

- 6. Remove panel C. (See page 8-8.)
- 7. Remove the oil filter cartridge with an oil filter wrench.



1. Oil filter cartridge

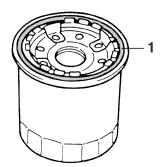


1. Oil filter wrench

NOTE:

An oil filter wrench is available at a nearby Yamaha dealer.

8. Apply a thin coat of engine oil to the O-ring of the new oil filter cartridge.

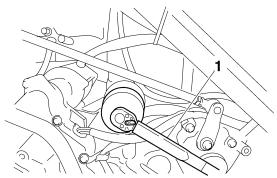


1. O-ring

NOTE:

Make sure that the O-ring is properly seated.

9. Install the new oil filter cartridge with an oil filter wrench, and then tighten it to the specified torque with a torque wrench. 8



1. Torque wrench

Tightening torque: Oil filter cartridge: 17 Nm (1.7 m·kgf, 12 ft·lbf)

- 10. Install panel C.
- 11. Install the engine oil drain bolt, and then tighten it to the specified torque.

Tightening torque: Engine oil drain bolt: 23 Nm (2.3 m·kgf, 17 ft·lbf) 12. Add the specified amount of the recommended engine oil, and then install and tighten the engine oil filler cap.

Recommended oil: See page 10-1. Oil quantity: Without oil filter cartridge replacement: 2.30 L (2.43 US qt) (2.02 Imp.qt) With oil filter cartridge replacement: 2.40 L (2.54 US qt) (2.11 Imp.qt)

ECB00300

CAUTION:

- In order to prevent clutch slippage (since the engine oil also lubricates the clutch), do not mix any chemical additives. Do not use oils with a diesel specification of "CD" or oils of a higher quality than specified. In addition, do not use oils labeled "ENERGY CONSERV-ING II" or higher.
- Make sure that no foreign material enters the crankcase.

- 13. Start the engine, and then let it idle for several minutes while checking it for oil leakage. If oil is leaking, immediately turn the engine off and check for the cause.
- 14. Turn the engine off, and then check the oil level and correct it if necessary.
- 15. Install panel D.

EBU23381

Final gear oil

The final gear case must be checked for oil leakage before each ride. If any leakage is found, have a Yamaha dealer check and repair the ATV. In addition, the final gear oil level must be checked and the oil changed as follows at the intervals specified in the periodic maintenance and lubrication chart.

To check the final gear oil level

1. Place the ATV on a level surface.

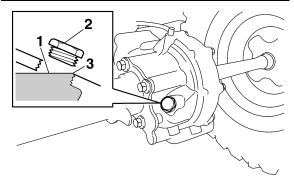
NOTE: _

The final gear oil level must be checked on a cold engine.

2. Remove the final gear oil filler bolt, and then check the oil level in the final gear case.

NOTE:

The oil level should be at the brim of the filler hole.

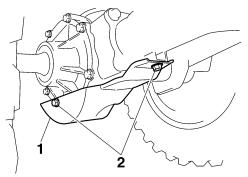


- 1. Final gear oil
- 2. Final gear oil filler bolt
- 3. Correct oil level
 - 3. If the oil is below the brim of the filler hole, add sufficient oil of the recommended type to raise it to the correct level.
 - 4. Install the oil filler bolt, and then tighten it to the specified torque.

Tightening torque: Final gear oil filler bolt: 23 Nm (2.3 m·kgf, 17 ft·lbf)

To change the final gear oil

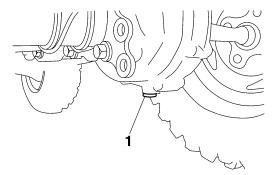
1. Remove the final gear case guard by removing the bolts.



- 1. Final gear case guard
- 2. Bolt

8

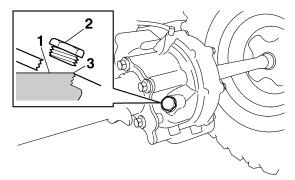
- 2. Place the ATV on a level surface.
- 3. Place an oil pan under the final gear case to collect the used oil.
- 4. Remove the final gear oil filler bolt and the final gear oil drain bolt to drain the oil from the final gear case.



- 1. Final gear oil drain bolt
 - 5. Install the drain bolt, and then tighten it to the specified torque.

Tightening torque: Final gear oil drain bolt: 23 Nm (2.3 m·kgf, 17 ft·lbf)

6. Add the recommended final gear oil to the brim of the filler hole as shown.



- 1. Final gear oil
- 2. Final gear oil filler bolt
- 3. Correct oil level

Recommended final gear oil: See page 10-1.

ECB00420

CAUTION:

Be sure no foreign material enters the final gear case.

7. Install the oil filler bolt, and then tighten it to the specified torque.

Tightening torque: Final gear oil filler bolt: 23 Nm (2.3 m·kgf, 17 ft·lbf)

- 8. Check the final gear case for oil leakage. If oil is leaking, check for the cause.
- 9. Install the final gear case guard by installing the bolts and tightening them to the specified torque.

Tightening torque: Final gear case guard bolt: 16 Nm (1.6 m·kgf, 11 ft·lbf)

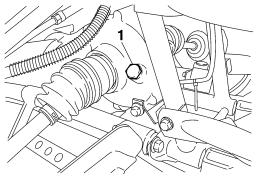
EBU23431

Changing the differential gear oil

The differential gear case must be checked for oil leakage before each ride. If any leakage is found, have a Yamaha dealer check and repair the ATV. In addition, the differential gear oil must be changed as follows at the intervals specified in the periodic maintenance and lubrication chart.

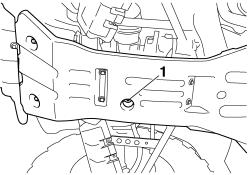
- 1. Place the ATV on a level surface.
- 2. Place an oil pan under the differential gear case to collect the used oil.

3. Remove the differential gear oil filler bolt and the differential gear oil drain bolt to drain the oil from the differential gear case.



1. Differential gear oil filler bolt

8



- 1. Differential gear oil drain bolt
 - 4. Install the drain bolt, and then tighten it to the specified torque.

Tightening torque: Differential gear oil drain bolt: 10 Nm (1.0 m·kgf, 7.2 ft·lbf)

5. Add the specified amount of the recommended differential gear oil.

NOTE:

 Do not exceed the specified differential gear oil quantity when filling. Overfilling will cause the oil to seep out of the breather hose during and after riding. • The differential gear case capacity is greater than the recommended oil quantity, therefore the oil level cannot be accurately checked from the oil filler hole.

Recommended differential gear oil: See page 10-1. Oil quantity: 0.35 L (0.37 US qt) (0.31 Imp.qt)

ECB00410

CAUTION:

Be sure no foreign material enters the differential gear case.

6. Install the oil filler bolt, and then tighten it to the specified torque.

Tightening torque: Differential gear oil filler bolt: 23 Nm (2.3 m·kgf, 17 ft·lbf)

7. Check the differential gear case for oil leakage. If oil is leaking, check for the cause.

EBU23470 Coolant

The coolant level should be checked before each ride. In addition, the coolant must be changed at the intervals specified in the periodic maintenance and lubrication chart.

EBU23481

To check the coolant level

1. Place the ATV on a level surface.

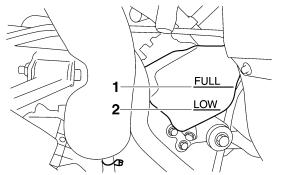
NOTE: _

The coolant level must be checked on a cold engine since the level varies with engine temperature.

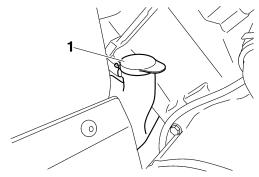
2. Check the coolant level in the coolant reservoir.

NOTE:

The coolant should be between the minimum and maximum level marks.



- 1. Maximum level mark
- 2. Minimum level mark
 - 3. If the coolant is at or below the minimum level mark, remove the reservoir cap, add coolant or distilled water to the maximum level mark, and then install the reservoir cap.



1. Coolant reservoir cap

Coolant reservoir capacity (up to the maximum level mark): 0.25 L (0.26 US qt) (0.22 Imp.qt)

ECB00400

CAUTION:

 If coolant is not available, use distilled water or soft tap water instead. Do not use hard water or salt water since it is harmful to the engine.

- If water has been used instead of coolant, replace it with coolant as soon as possible, otherwise the engine may not be sufficiently cooled and the cooling system will not be protected against frost and corrosion.
- If water has been added to the coolant, have a Yamaha dealer check the antifreeze content of the coolant as soon as possible, otherwise the effectiveness of the coolant will be reduced.

NOTE:

If the engine overheats, see page 8-54 for further instructions.

EBU26440

To change the coolant

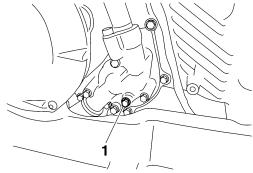
EWB01890

WARNING

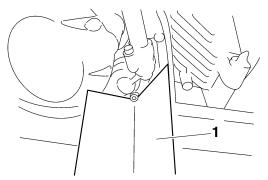
Wait for the engine and radiator to cool before removing the radiator cap. You could be burned by hot fluid and steam blown out under pressure. Always place a thick rag over the cap when opening. Allow any remaining pressure to escape before completely removing the cap.

1. Place the ATV on a level surface.

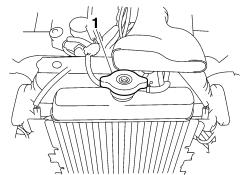
- 2. Remove panels C and D. (See page 8-8.)
- 3. Place a container under the engine, and then remove the coolant drain bolt. (Use a trough or a similar object as shown to prevent coolant from spilling on the footrest.)



1. Coolant drain bolt

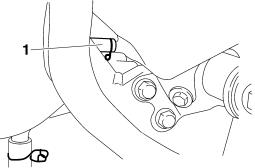


- 1. Trough
- 4. Remove cowling A. (See page 8-8.)
- 5. Remove the radiator cap.



1. Radiator cap

- 6. Remove the coolant reservoir cap.
- 7. Disconnect the hose on the coolant reservoir side, and then drain the coolant from the coolant reservoir.



- 1. Coolant reservoir hose
 - 8. After draining the coolant, thoroughly flush the cooling system with clean tap water.
 - 9. Replace the coolant drain bolt washer if it is damaged, install the coolant drain bolt, and then tighten it to the specified torque.

Tightening torque: Coolant drain bolt: 10 Nm (1.0 m·kgf, 7.2 ft·lbf)

- 10. Connect the coolant reservoir hose.
- 11. Pour the recommended coolant into the reservoir to the maximum level mark, and then install the reservoir cap.
- 12. Pour the recommended coolant into the radiator until it is full.

Antifreeze/water mixture ratio:

1:1

Recommended antifreeze:

High-quality ethylene glycol antifreeze containing corrosion inhibitors for aluminum engines

Coolant quantity:

Radiator capacity (including all routes):

1.32 L (1.40 US qt) (1.16 Imp.qt) Coolant reservoir capacity (up to the maximum level mark):

0.25 L (0.26 US qt) (0.22 Imp.qt)

ECB00400

CAUTION:

 If coolant is not available, use distilled water or soft tap water instead. Do not use hard water or salt water since it is harmful to the engine.

- If water has been used instead of coolant, replace it with coolant as soon as possible, otherwise the engine may not be sufficiently cooled and the cooling system will not be protected against frost and corrosion.
- If water has been added to the coolant, have a Yamaha dealer check the antifreeze content of the coolant as soon as possible, otherwise the effectiveness of the coolant will be reduced.
- 13. Install the radiator cap, start the engine, let it idle for several minutes, and then turn it off.
- 14. Remove the radiator cap to check the coolant level in the radiator. If it is low, add sufficient coolant until it reaches the top of the radiator, and then install the radiator cap.
- 15. Start the engine, and then check for coolant leakage.

NOTE:

If any leakage is found, have a Yamaha dealer check the cooling system.

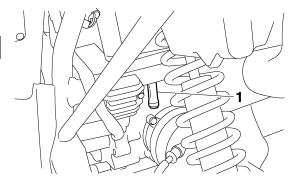
- 16. Install the cowling.
- 17. Install the panels.

EBU23640 Cleaning the air filter element

The air filter element should be cleaned at the intervals specified in the periodic maintenance and lubrication chart. Clean the air filter element more frequently if you are riding in unusually wet or dusty areas.

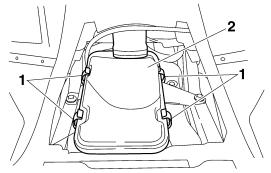
NOTE:

There is a check hose at the bottom of the air filter case. If dust or water collects in this hose, empty the hose and clean the air filter element and air filter case.

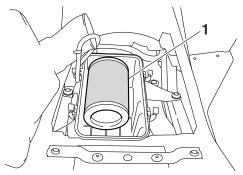


- 1. Air filter case check hose
 - 1. Remove the seat. (See page 4-12.)

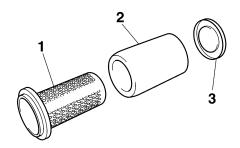
2. Remove the air filter case cover by unhooking the holders.



- 1. Air filter case holder
- 2. Air filter case cover
 - 3. Pull the air filter element out of the air filter case.



- 1. Air filter element
 - 4. Pull off the lock plate, and then remove the sponge material from the air filter element frame.



- 1. Air filter element frame
- 2. Sponge material
- 3. Air filter element lock plate
 - 5. Wash the sponge material gently but thoroughly in solvent.
- EWB01940

Always use parts cleaning solvent to clean the sponge material. Never use low-flash-point solvents or gasoline to clean the sponge material because the engine could catch fire or explode.

6. Squeeze the excess solvent out of the sponge material and let it dry.

ECB00440

CAUTION:

Do not twist the sponge material when squeezing it.

- 7. Check the sponge material and replace it if damaged.
- 8. Apply a quality foam air filter oil to the sponge material.

NOTE:

The sponge material should be wet but not dripping.

- 9. Pull the sponge material over the air filter element frame, and then install the lock plate.
- 10. Insert the air filter element into the air filter case, and then install the air filter case cover by hooking the holders onto the air filter case.
- 11. Install the seat.

NOTE: ____

The air filter element should be cleaned every 20– 40 hours. It should be cleaned and lubricated more often if the ATV is operated in extremely dusty areas. Each time the air filter element maintenance is performed, check the air inlet of the air filter case for obstructions. Check the air filter case rubber joint to the carburetor fittings and the rubber joint manifold fittings for an air-tight seal. Tighten all fittings securely to avoid the possibility of unfiltered air entering the engine.

ECB00460

CAUTION:

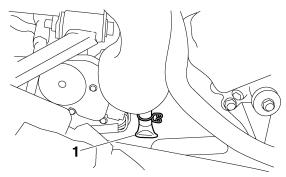
- Make sure that the air filter element is properly seated in the air filter case.
- Never operate the engine with the air filter element removed. This will allow unfiltered air to enter the engine, causing rapid engine wear and possible engine damage. Additionally, operation without the air filter element will affect carburetor jetting with subsequent poor performance and possible engine overheating.

EBU23920

V-belt cooling duct check hose

If dust or water collects in the V-belt cooling duct check hose, remove the hose and clean it.

8



1. V-belt cooling duct check hose (left front side of ATV)

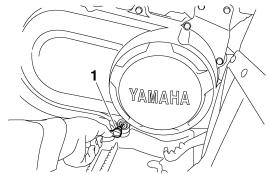
EBU23930

V-belt case drain plug

After riding in water deep enough to allow it to enter the V-belt case, remove this plug to drain the water from the case.

NOTE: _

If water drains from the V-belt case after removing the plug, have a Yamaha dealer check the ATV as the water may affect other engine parts.



1. V-belt case drain plug

Adjusting the carburetor

The carburetor should be checked and, if necessary, adjusted at the intervals specified in the periodic maintenance and lubrication chart. The carburetor is an important part of the engine and requires very sophisticated adjustment. Therefore, most carburetor adjustments should be left to a Yamaha dealer, who has the necessary professional knowledge and experience. The adjustment described in the following section, however, may be performed by the owner as part of routine maintenance. ECB00480

CAUTION:

The carburetor has been set and extensively tested at the Yamaha factory. Changing these settings without sufficient technical knowledge may result in poor performance of or damage to the engine.

EBU24000

Adjusting the engine idling speed

The engine idling speed must be checked and, if necessary, adjusted as follows at the intervals specified in the periodic maintenance and lubrication chart.

NOTE:

8

A diagnostic tachometer is needed to make this adjustment.

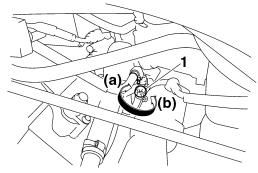
1. Start the engine and warm it up.

NOTE: _

The engine is warm when it quickly responds to the throttle.

- 2. Attach the tachometer to the spark plug lead.
- Check the engine idling speed and, if necessary, adjust it to specification by turning the throttle stop screw at the carburetor. To in-

crease the engine idling speed, turn the throttle stop screw in direction (a), and to decrease it, turn the screw in direction (b).



1. Throttle stop screw

Engine idling speed: 1450–1550 r/min

NOTE:

If the specified idling speed cannot be obtained as described above, have a Yamaha dealer make the adjustment.

EBU24041

Adjusting the throttle cable free play

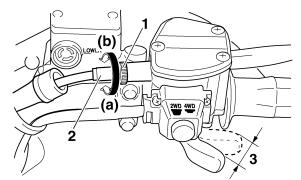
The throttle cable free play should be checked and, if necessary, adjusted at the intervals specified in the periodic maintenance and lubrication chart.

The throttle cable free play should measure 3.0– 5.0 mm (0.12–0.20 in) as shown. Periodically check the throttle cable free play and, if necessary, adjust it as follows.

NOTE:

The engine idling speed must be checked, and adjusted if necessary, before adjusting the throttle cable free play.

- 1. Loosen the locknut.
- 2. To increase the throttle cable free play, turn the adjusting bolt in direction (a). To decrease the throttle cable free play, turn the adjusting bolt in direction (b).



- 1. Locknut
- 2. Throttle cable free play adjusting bolt
- 3. Throttle cable free play
 - 3. Tighten the locknut.

EBU24060

Valve clearance

The valve clearance changes with use, resulting in improper air-fuel mixture and/or engine noise. To prevent this from occurring, the valve clearance must be adjusted by a Yamaha dealer at the intervals specified in the periodic maintenance and lubrication chart.

Adjusting the drive select lever safety system cable

The drive select lever safety system cable stretches with use, which can result in improper function. Therefore, the safety system cable should be checked and adjusted at the intervals specified in the periodic maintenance and lubrication chart.

EBU24130

Checking the front and rear brake pads

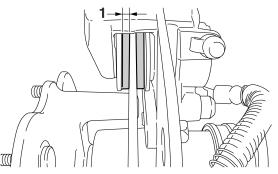
The front and rear brake pads must be checked for wear at the intervals specified in the periodic maintenance and lubrication chart.

EBU24171

8

Front brake pads

Check each front brake pad for damage and measure the lining thickness. If a brake pad is damaged or if the lining thickness is less than 1.0 mm (0.04 in), have a Yamaha dealer replace the brake pads as a set.



1. Lining thickness

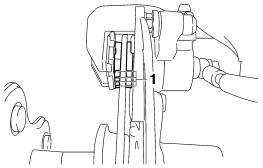
NOTE:

The wheels need to be removed to check the brake pads. (See page 8-51.)

EBU26460

Rear brake pads

Each rear brake pad is provided with wear indicator grooves, which allow you to check the brake pad wear without having to disassemble the brake. To check the brake pad wear, check the wear indicator grooves. If a brake pad has worn to the point that the wear indicator grooves have almost disappeared, have a Yamaha dealer replace the brake pads as a set.



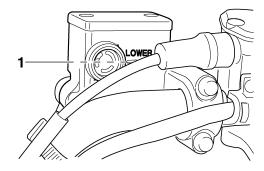
1. Wear indicator groove

NOTE:

The wheels need to be removed to check the brake pads. (See page 8-51.)

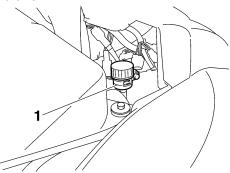
EBU26470 Checking the brake fluid level

Front brake



1. Minimum level mark

Rear brake



1. Minimum level mark

Insufficient brake fluid may allow air to enter the brake system, possibly causing it to become ineffective.

Before riding, check that the brake fluid is above the minimum level mark and replenish if necessary. A low brake fluid level may indicate worn brake pads and/or brake system leakage. If the brake fluid level is low, be sure to check the brake pads for wear and the brake system for leakage.

NOTE:

8

To check the rear brake fluid level, remove cowling B. (See page 8-8.)

Observe these precautions:

- When checking the fluid level, make sure that the top of the brake fluid reservoir is level.
- Use only the recommended quality brake fluid, otherwise the rubber seals may deteriorate, causing leakage and poor braking performance.

Recommended brake fluid: DOT 4

- Refill with the same type of brake fluid. Mixing fluids may result in a harmful chemical reaction and lead to poor braking performance.
- Be careful that water does not enter the brake fluid reservoir when refilling. Water will significantly lower the boiling point of the fluid and may result in vapor lock.
- Brake fluid may deteriorate painted surfaces or plastic parts. Always clean up spilled fluid immediately.
- As the brake pads wear, it is normal for the brake fluid level to gradually go down. However, if the brake fluid level goes down suddenly, have a Yamaha dealer check the cause.

EBU24290 Changing the brake fluid

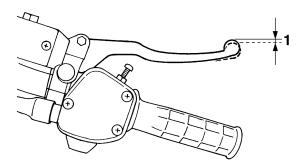
Have a Yamaha dealer change the brake fluid at the intervals specified in the NOTE after the periodic maintenance and lubrication chart. In addition, have the oil seals of the master cylinders and calipers as well as the brake hoses replaced at the intervals listed below or whenever they are damaged or leaking.

- Oil seals: Replace every two years.
- Brake hoses: Replace every four years.

EBU24390

Checking the front brake lever free play

The brake lever free play must be checked at the intervals specified in the periodic maintenance and lubrication chart. The brake lever should have a free play of zero mm (zero in) as shown. If the free play is incorrect, have a Yamaha dealer check the brake system.



1. Brake lever free play

EWB02070

WARNING

Operating with improperly serviced or adjusted brakes could cause loss of braking ability, which could lead to an accident. After servicing:

- Make sure the brakes operate smoothly and that the free play is correct.
- Make sure the brakes do not drag.
- Make sure the brakes are not spongy. All air must be bled from the brake system.

Replacement of brake components requires professional knowledge. These procedures should be performed by a Yamaha dealer.

EBU26491

Adjusting the rear brake lever free play and checking the brake pedal position

The brake lever free play must be adjusted and brake pedal position must be checked and, if necessary, adjusted at the intervals specified in the periodic maintenance and lubrication chart.

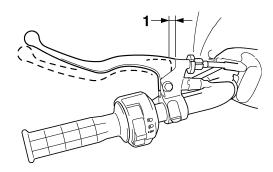
NOTE:

- Always perform this maintenance completely in the following order whenever adjusting the rear brake.
- Before adjusting the brake lever free play and checking the brake pedal position, check the rear brake pads for wear.

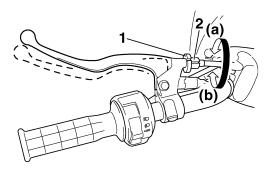
8

Adjusting the brake lever free play

The brake lever free play should measure 0.5–2.0 mm (0.02–0.08 in) as shown. If the free play is incorrect, adjust it as follows.



- 1. Brake lever free play
 - 1. Loosen the locknut.
 - 2. Turn the brake lever free play adjusting bolt in direction (a) to increase the free play, and in direction (b) to decrease it.



- 1. Locknut
- 2. Brake lever free play adjusting bolt
 - 3. Tighten the locknut.

If the correct free play cannot be obtained, have a Yamaha dealer adjust it.

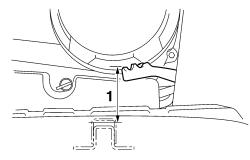
NOTE:

When adjusting the rear brake lever free play:

- Be sure not to step on the brake pedal.
- Make sure the brake pedal does not move.

Checking the brake pedal position

The top of the brake pedal should be positioned 67.0–77.0 mm (2.64–3.03 in) above the top of the footboard bracket. If the brake pedal position is incorrect, have a Yamaha dealer adjust it.



1. Brake pedal position

EWB02070

Operating with improperly serviced or adjusted brakes could cause loss of braking ability, which could lead to an accident. After servicing:

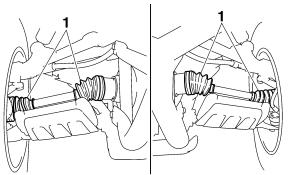
- Make sure the brakes operate smoothly and that the free play is correct.
- Make sure the brakes do not drag.

• Make sure the brakes are not spongy. All air must be bled from the brake system.

Replacement of brake components requires professional knowledge. These procedures should be performed by a Yamaha dealer.

Axle boots

The axle boots must be checked for damage at the intervals specified in the periodic maintenance and lubrication chart. Check the axle boots for tears or damage. If any damage is found, have them replaced by a Yamaha dealer.



1. Axle boot (each side)

Brake light switches

The operation of the brake light switches must be checked and, if necessary, adjusted at the intervals specified in the periodic maintenance and lubrication chart.

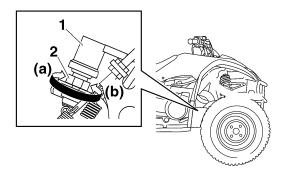
The brake light switch for the brake pedal can be adjusted as follows, but the other brake light switches should be adjusted by a Yamaha dealer.

1. Remove panel A. (See page 8-8.)

NOTE:

The brake light switch is properly adjusted when the brake light comes on just before braking takes effect.

- 2. Turn the adjusting nut while holding the brake light switch in place. To make the brake light come on earlier, turn the adjusting nut in direction (a). To make the brake light come on later, turn the adjusting nut in direction (b).
- 3. Install the panel.



- 1. Brake light switch
- 2. Brake light switch adjusting nut

EBU24900

Checking and lubricating the cables

The operation and the condition of all control cables should be checked before each ride, and the cables and cable ends should be lubricated if necessary. If a cable is damaged or does not move smoothly, have a Yamaha dealer check or replace it.

Recommended lubricant: Engine oil EWB02130

WARNING

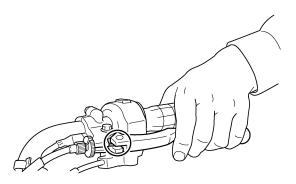
Inspect cables frequently and replace if damaged. Corrosion can result when the cable sheaths become damaged, and cables can also become frayed or kinked, which could restrict the operation of controls and lead to an accident or injury.

EBU24910

Checking and lubricating the front and rear brake levers

The operation of the front and rear brake levers should be checked before each ride, and the lever pivots should be lubricated if necessary.

Recommended lubricant: Lithium-soap-based grease (all-purpose grease)



Checking and lubricating the brake pedal

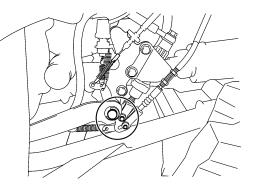
The operation of the brake pedal should be checked before each ride, and the pedal pivot should be lubricated if necessary.

NOTE: ____

8

To access the brake pedal pivot, remove panel A. (See page 8-8.)

Recommended lubricant: Lithium-soap-based grease (all-purpose grease)



EBU24960 **Checking the wheel bearings**

The front and rear wheel bearings must be checked at the intervals specified in the periodic maintenance and lubrication chart. If there is play in the wheel hub or if the wheel does not turn smoothly, have a Yamaha dealer check the wheel bearings.

EBU24980

Lubricating the drive shaft universal joint

The drive shaft universal joint must be lubricated at the intervals specified in the periodic maintenance and lubrication chart. Recommended lubricant: Lithium-soap-based grease

EBU25060

Lubricating the knuckle pivots

The knuckle pivots must be lubricated at the intervals specified in the periodic maintenance and lubrication chart.

Recommended lubricant: Lithium-soap-based grease

Lubricating the knuckle shafts

The knuckle shafts must be lubricated at the intervals specified in the periodic maintenance and lubrication chart.

Recommended lubricant: Lithium-soap-based grease

EBU25100

Lubricating the steering shaft

The steering shaft must be lubricated at the intervals specified in the periodic maintenance and lubrication chart. Recommended lubricant: Lithium-soap-based grease

BU25221 Battery

This model is equipped with a sealed-type (MF) battery, which does not require any maintenance. There is no need to check the electrolyte or to add distilled water. Check and, if necessary, tighten the battery lead connections.

ECB00620

CAUTION:

Never attempt to remove the battery cell seals, as this would permanently damage the battery.

EWB02160

Battery electrolyte is poisonous and dangerous, as it contains sulfuric acid, which can cause severe burns. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Always shield your eyes when working near batteries.

Antidote:

EXTERNAL: Flush with water.

INTERNAL: Drink large quantities of water or milk. Follow with milk of magnesia, beaten egg or vegetable oil. Call a physician immediately. EYES: Flush with water for 15 minutes and get prompt medical attention.

Batteries produce explosive gases. Keep sparks, flame, cigarettes or other sources of ignition away. Ventilate when charging or using in an enclosed space.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

To charge the battery

Have a Yamaha dealer charge the battery as soon as possible if it seems to have discharged. Keep in mind that the battery tends to discharge more quickly if the ATV is equipped with optional electrical accessories.

8 To store the battery

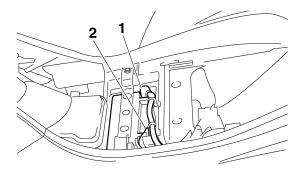
- 1. If the ATV will not be used for more than one month, remove the battery, fully charge it, and then place it in a cool, dry place.
- 2. If the battery will be stored for more than two months, check it at least once a month and fully charge it if necessary.

To install the battery

NOTE: _

Be sure the battery is fully charged.

- 1. Install the battery.
- 2. Make sure to properly connect the battery leads to the battery terminals.



- 1. Positive battery terminal
- 2. Negative battery terminal

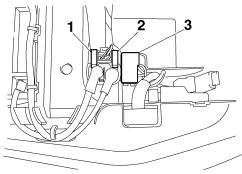
ECB00630

CAUTION:

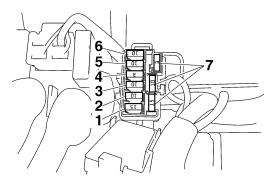
- Always keep the battery charged. Storing a discharged battery can cause permanent battery damage.
- To charge a sealed-type (MF) battery, a special constant-voltage battery charger is required. Using a conventional battery charger will damage the battery. If you do not have

access to a constant-voltage battery charger, have a Yamaha dealer charge your battery.

EBU25321 Replacing a fuse



- 1. Main fuse
- 2. Spare main fuse
- 3. Fuse box



- 1. Headlight fuse
- 2. Ignition fuse
- 3. Auxiliary DC jack fuse (for optional auxiliary DC jack)
- 4. Four-wheel-drive motor fuse
- 5. Signaling system fuse
- 6. Backup fuse (for odometer and tripmeter)
- 7. Spare fuse

The main fuse and the fuse box are located under the seat. (See page 4-12.)

- If a fuse is blown, replace it as follows.
 - 1. Turn the key to "OFF" and turn off all electrical circuits.

ECB00640

CAUTION:

To prevent accidental short-circuiting, turn off the main switch when checking or replacing a fuse.

2. Remove the blown fuse, and then install a new fuse of the specified amperage.

Specified fuses: Main fuse: 30.0 A Headlight fuse:

> 15.0 A Ignition fuse:

10.0 A Four-wheel-drive motor fuse:

3.0 A Signaling system fuse: 10.0 A Auxiliary DC jack fuse: 10.0 A Backup fuse:

10.0 A

EWB02170

WARNING

Always use a fuse of the specified rating, and never use a substitute object in place of the proper fuse. An improper fuse or a substitute object can cause damage to the electrical system which could lead to a fire.

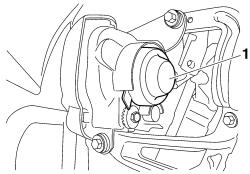
- 3. Turn the key to "ON" and turn on the electrical circuits to check if the devices operate.
- 4. If the fuse immediately blows again, have a Yamaha dealer check the electrical system.

EBU25540

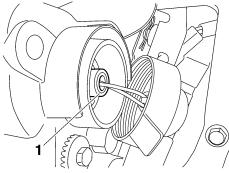
Replacing a headlight bulb

If a headlight bulb burns out, replace it as follows.

1. Remove the headlight bulb holder cover at the rear of the headlight by pulling it off.



- 1. Headlight bulb holder cover
- 2. Remove the headlight bulb holder by pushing it inward and turning it counterclockwise.



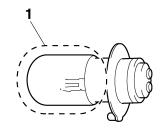
1. Headlight bulb holder

3. Remove the defective bulb from the headlight unit by pulling it out.

EWB02220

A headlight bulb is hot when it is on and immediately after it is turned off. Wait for the bulb to cool before touching or removing it. You can be burned or a fire could start if the bulb touches something flammable.

4. Install a new headlight bulb into the headlight unit by aligning the projection on the bulb with the groove in the headlight unit.



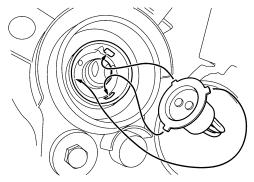
1. Do not touch the glass part of the bulb.

ECB00650

CAUTION:

Do not touch the glass part of the headlight bulb to keep it free from oil, otherwise the transparency of the glass, the luminosity of the bulb, and the bulb life will be adversely affected. Thoroughly clean off any dirt and fingerprints on the headlight bulb using a cloth moistened with alcohol or thinner.

5. Install the headlight bulb holder by aligning the projections with the holes in the headlight unit, pushing it inward, and turning it clockwise until it stops.



6. Install the headlight bulb holder cover at the rear of the headlight.

7. Adjust the headlight beam if necessary.

EBU25560

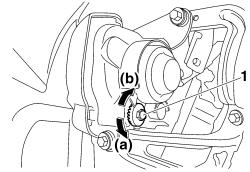
Adjusting a headlight beam

CAUTION:

It is advisable to have a Yamaha dealer make this adjustment.

To raise a headlight beam, turn the adjusting bolt in direction (a).

To lower a headlight beam, turn the adjusting bolt in direction (b).

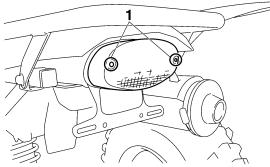


1. Headlight beam adjusting bolt

Replacing the tail/brake light bulb

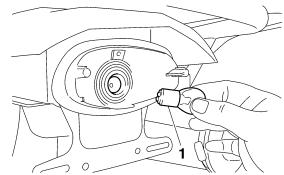
If the tail/brake light bulb burns out, replace it as follows.

1. Remove the lens by removing the screws.



1. Screw

2. Remove the defective bulb by pushing it in and turning it counterclockwise.



1. Tail/brake light bulb

- 3. Insert a new bulb into the socket, push it in, and then turn it clockwise until it stops.
- 4. Install the lens by installing the screws.

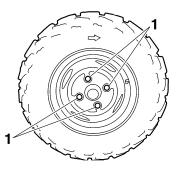
CAUTION:

Do not overtighten the screws, otherwise the lens may break.

EBU25650

Removing a wheel

1. Loosen the wheel nuts.



1. Nut

- 2. Elevate the ATV and place a suitable stand under the frame.
- 3. Remove the nuts from the wheel.
- 4. Remove the wheel.

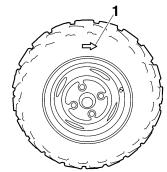
EBU25700 Installing a wheel

1. Install the wheel and the nuts.

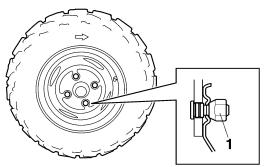
NOTE:

• The arrow mark \Rightarrow on the tire must point toward the rotating direction of the wheel.

 Tapered nuts are used for both the front and rear wheels. Install the nuts with their tapered side towards the wheel.



1. Arrow mark



- 1. Tapered nut
 - 2. Lower the ATV to the ground.
 - 3. Tighten the wheel nuts to the specified torques.

Tightening torgues: Front wheel nut: 55 Nm (5.5 m·kgf, 40 ft·lbf) Rear wheel nut: 55 Nm (5.5 m·kgf, 40 ft·lbf)

EBU25740 Troubleshooting

Although Yamaha ATVs receive a thorough inspection before shipment from the factory, trouble may occur during operation. Any problem in the fuel, compression, or ignition systems, for example, can cause poor starting and loss of power.

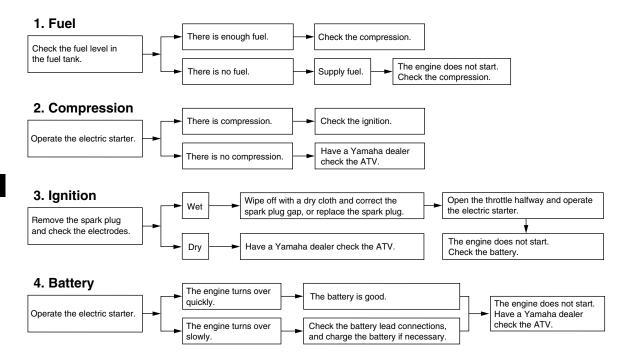
The following troubleshooting charts represent guick and easy procedures for checking these vital systems yourself. However, should your ATV require any repair, take it to a Yamaha dealer, whose skilled technicians have the necessary tools, experience, and know-how to service the ATV properly. Use only genuine Yamaha replacement parts. Imitation parts may look like Yamaha parts, but they are often inferior, have a shorter service life and can lead to expensive repair bills.

EWB02280

Do not smoke when checking the fuel system. Fuel can ignite or explode, causing severe injury or property damage. Make sure there are no open flames or sparks in the area, including pilot lights from water heaters or furnaces.

EBU25781 Troubleshooting charts

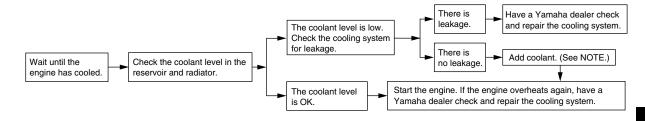
Starting problems or poor engine performance



Engine overheating

EWB02290

Wait for the engine and radiator to cool before removing the radiator cap. You could be burned by hot fluid and steam blown out under pressure. Always put a thick rag over the cap when opening. Allow any remaining pressure to escape before completely removing the cap.



NOTE:

If coolant is not available, tap water can be temporarily used instead, provided that it is changed to the recommended coolant as soon as possible.

CLEANING AND STORAGE

EBU25880

Frequent, thorough cleaning of your ATV will not only enhance its appearance but will improve its general performance and extend the useful life of many components.

- 1. Before cleaning the ATV:
 - a. Block off the end of the exhaust pipe to prevent water entry. A plastic bag and strong rubber band may be used.
 - b. Make sure the spark plug and all filler caps are properly installed.
- 2. If the engine case is excessively greasy, apply degreaser with a paint brush. Do not apply degreaser to the wheel axles.

3. Rinse the dirt and degreaser off with a garden hose. Use only enough pressure to do the job. ECB00710

CAUTION:

Excessive water pressure may cause water seepage and deterioration of wheel bearings, brakes, transmission seals and electrical devices. Many expensive repair bills have resulted from improper high-pressure detergent applications such as those available in coinoperated car washers.

- 4. Once most of the dirt has been hosed off, wash all surfaces with warm water and mild, detergent-type soap. An old toothbrush or bottle brush is handy for hard-to-reach places.
- 5. Rinse the ATV off immediately with clean water and dry all surfaces with a chamois, clean towel or soft absorbing cloth.
- 6. Clean the seat with a vinyl upholstery cleaner to keep the cover pliable and glossy.
- Automotive type wax may be applied to all painted and chrome plated surfaces. Avoid combination cleaner-waxes. Many contain abrasives which may mar the paint or protective finish. When finished cleaning, start the engine and let it idle for several minutes.

EWB02310

Wet brakes may have reduced stopping ability, increasing the chance of an accident. Test the brakes after washing. Apply the brakes several times at slow speeds to let friction dry out the linings.

EBU25932 Storage

Short-term

Always store your ATV in a cool, dry place and, if necessary, protect it against dust with a porous cover.

ECB00720

CAUTION:

- Storing the ATV in a poorly ventilated room or covering it with a tarp while it is still wet, will allow water and humidity to seep in and cause rust.
- To prevent corrosion, avoid damp cellars, stables (because of the presence of ammonia) and areas where strong chemicals are stored.

Long-term

Before storing your ATV for several months:

- 1. Follow all the instructions in the "Cleaning" section of this chapter.
- 2. Turn the fuel cock lever to "OFF".
- 3. Drain the carburetor float chamber by loosening the drain bolt; this will prevent fuel deposits from building up. Pour the drained fuel into the fuel tank.
- 4. Fill up the fuel tank and add fuel stabilizer (if available) to prevent the fuel from deteriorating.

Specified amount:

7.5 ml of stabilizer to each liter of fuel (or 1 oz of stabilizer to each gallon of fuel)

- 5. Perform the following steps to protect the cylinder, piston rings, etc. from corrosion.
 - a. Remove the spark plug cap and spark plug.
 - b. Pour a teaspoonful of engine oil into the spark plug bore.

- c. Install the spark plug cap onto the spark plug, and then place the spark plug on the cylinder head so that the electrodes are grounded. (This will limit sparking during the next step.)
- d. Turn the engine over several times with the starter. (This will coat the cylinder wall with oil.)
- e. Remove the spark plug cap from the spark plug, and then install the spark plug and the spark plug cap.
- 6. Lubricate all control cables and the pivoting points of all levers and pedals.
- Check and, if necessary, correct the tire air pressure, and then block up the ATV so that all of its wheels are off the ground. Alternatively, turn the wheels a little every month in order to prevent the tires from becoming degraded in one spot.
- 8. Cover the muffler outlet with a plastic bag to prevent moisture from entering it.
- Remove the battery and fully charge it. Store it in a cool, dry place and charge it once a month. Do not store the battery in an excessively cold or warm place [less than 0 °C (30

 $^{\circ}\text{F})$ or more than 30 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ (90 $^{\circ}\text{F})]. For more information on storing the battery, see page 8-45.$

NOTE:

Make any necessary repairs before storing the ATV.

SPECIFICATIONS

Dimensions:

Overall length: 1978 mm (77.9 in) Overall width: 1063 mm (41.9 in) Overall height: 1095 mm (43.1 in) Seat height: 840 mm (33.1 in) Wheelbase: 1233 mm (48.5 in) Ground clearance: 220 mm (8.66 in) Minimum turning radius: 3000 mm (118.1 in) Weight: With oil and fuel: 250.0 kg (551 lb) Noise and vibration level: Noise level (77/311/EEC): 79.7 dB(A) Vibration on seat (EN1032, ISO5008): Will not exceed 0.5 m/s² Vibration on handlebar (EN1032, ISO5008): Will not exceed 2.5 m/s² Engine: Engine type:

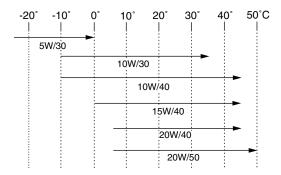
Liquid cooled 4-stroke, SOHC

Cylinder arrangement: Forward-inclined single cylinder Displacement: 421.0 cm^3 (25.69 cu.in) Bore \times stroke: $84.5 \times 75.0 \text{ mm}$ (3.33 \times 2.95 in) Compression ratio: 10.00 : 1Starting system: Electric starter Lubrication system: Wet sump

Engine oil:

Type:

SAE5W30 or SAE10W30 or SAE10W40 or SAE15W40 or SAE20W40 or SAE20W50



Recommended engine oil grade:

API service SE, SF, SG type or higher Engine oil quantity:

Without oil filter cartridge replacement: 2.30 L (2.43 US qt) (2.02 Imp.qt) With oil filter cartridge replacement: 2.40 L (2.54 US qt) (2.11 Imp.qt)

Final gear oil:

Type:

SAE80 API GL-4 Hypoid gear oil Quantity:

0.23 L (0.24 US qt) (0.20 Imp.qt)

Differential gear oil:

Type:

SAE80 API GL-4 Hypoid gear oil

Quantity:

0.35 L (0.37 US qt) (0.31 Imp.qt)

Cooling system:

Coolant reservoir capacity (up to the maximum level mark): 0.25 L (0.26 US qt) (0.22 Imp.qt) Radiator capacity (including all routes): 1.32 L (1.40 US qt) (1.16 Imp.qt)

Air filter:

Air filter element:

Wet element

Fuel:

Recommended fuel:

Regular unleaded gasoline only

Fuel tank capacity:

14.5 L (3.83 US gal) (3.19 Imp.gal) Fuel reserve amount:

4.5 L (1.19 US gal) (0.99 Imp.gal)

Carburetor:

Manufacturer:

MIKUNI

Type x quantity:

BSR33 x 1

Spark plug (s):

Manufacturer/model: NGK/DR8EA Spark plug gap: 0.6–0.7 mm (0.024–0.028 in)

Clutch:

Clutch type: Wet, centrifugal automatic Transmission: Primary reduction system: V-belt Secondary reduction system: Shaft drive Secondary reduction ratio: 39/24 × 24/18 × 33/9 (7.944) Transmission type: V-belt automatic Operation: Left hand operation Forward gear: 38/23 (1.652) Reverse gear: 29/17 (1.706) Chassis: Frame type: Steel tube frame Caster angle: 4.0 °

Trail:

19.3 mm (0.76 in)

Front tire:

Type: Tubeless Size: AT23 x 8R12

Manufacturer/model: MAXXIS/M937 Rear tire: Type: Tubeless Size: AT23 x 10R12 Manufacturer/model: MAXXIS/M938 Loading: Maximum load: 100.0 kg (220 lb) (Total weight of rider, cargo, accessories, and tongue) Tire air pressure (measured on cold tires): Recommended: Front: 40 kPa (5.8 psi) (0.40 kgf/cm²) Rear: 40 kPa (5.8 psi) (0.40 kgf/cm²) Minimum: Front: 37 kPa (5.3 psi) (0.37 kgf/cm²) Rear: 37 kPa (5.3 psi) (0.37 kgf/cm²) Maximum: Front: 43 kPa (6.2 psi) (0.43 kgf/cm²) Rear: 43 kPa (6.2 psi) (0.43 kgf/cm²)

Front wheel:

Wheel type: Panel wheel Rim size: 12 x 6.0AT

Rear wheel:

Wheel type: Panel wheel Rim size: 12 x 7.5AT

Front brake:

Type: Dual disc brake Operation: Right hand operation Recommended fluid: DOT 4

Rear brake:

10

Type: Single disc brake Operation: Left hand and right foot operation Recommended fluid: DOT 4

Front suspension:

Type: Double wishbone Spring/shock absorber type: Coil spring/oil damper Wheel travel: 160.0 mm (6.30 in)

Rear suspension:

Type: Swingarm Spring/shock absorber type: Coil spring/oil damper Wheel travel: 180.0 mm (7.09 in) Electrical system: Ignition system: DC. CDI Charging system: AC magneto Batterv: Model: YTX20L-BS Voltage, capacity: 12 V. 18.0 Ah Headlight: Bulb type: Krypton bulb Bulb voltage, wattage x quantity: Headlight: 12 V. 30 W/30.0 W × 2 Tail/brake light: 12 V, 5.0/21.0 W × 1 Neutral indicator light: I FD Reverse indicator light: LED Coolant temperature warning light: LED

Park indicator light: LED Four-wheel-drive indicator: LCD

Fuses:

Main fuse: 30.0 A Headlight fuse: 15.0 A Signaling system fuse: 10.0 A Ignition fuse: 10.0 A Auxiliary DC jack fuse: 10.0 A Backup fuse: 10.0 A Four-wheel-drive motor fuse: 3.0 A

CONSUMER INFORMATION

EBU26011 Identification numbers

Record the key identification number, vehicle identification number and model label information in the spaces provided below for assistance when ordering spare parts from a Yamaha dealer or for reference in case the ATV is stolen. KEY IDENTIFICATION NUMBER:

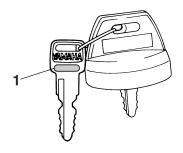
VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER:

MODEL LABEL INFORMATION:

11 ○ ● EBU26020

Key identification number

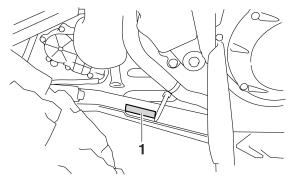
The key identification number is stamped into the key. Record this number in the space provided and use it for reference when ordering a new key.



1. Key identification number

EBU26030 Vehicle identification number

The vehicle identification number is stamped into the frame.



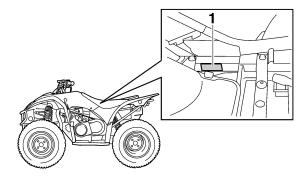
1. Vehicle identification number

NOTE:

The vehicle identification number is used to identify your ATV.

EBU26050 Model label

The model label is affixed at the location in the illustration. Record the information on this label in the space provided. This information will be needed when ordering spare parts from a Yamaha dealer.



1. Model label

INDEX

Α

Accessories and loading	6-6
Air filter element, cleaning	
Axle boots	

В

Battery	8-45
Brake fluid, changing	8-39
Brake fluid level, checking	8-37
Brake lever free play and brake pedal position (rear),	
adjusting and checking	8-40
Brake lever free play, checking the front	8-39
Brake lever, front	4-7
Brake levers, checking and lubricating	8-43
Brake light switches	8-42
Brake pads, checking the front and rear	8-36
Brake pedal and rear brake lever	4-7
Brake pedal, checking and lubricating	8-44
Brakes, front and rear	5-4

С

Cables, checking and lubricating	8-43
Carburetor, adjusting	8-33
Chassis fasteners	5-7
Cleaning	9-1
Coolant	5-3, 8-25
Coolant temperature warning light	
Cowlings and panels, removing and installing	8-8
D	

Differential gear oil	5-	-3	3
-----------------------	----	----	---

Differential gear oil, changing	8-23
Drive select lever	
Drive select lever and driving in reverse	6-3
Drive select lever safety system cable, adjusting .	8-36
Drive shaft universal joint, lubricating	8-44
_	

Е

Engine break-in	6-5
Engine, cold start	6-1
Engine idling speed	8-34
Engine oil	
Engine oil and oil filter cartridge	8-16
Engine, starting a warm	6-3
Engine stop switch	

F

Final gear oil	5-3, 8-21
Four-wheel-drive indicator	
Fuel	
Fuel cock	
Fuel tank cap	
Fuses, replacing	
Н	

Handlebar switches4-4Headlight beam, adjusting8-50Headlight bulb, replacing8-48

Identification numbers	11-1
Indicator lights and warning light	4-2
Instruments, lights and switches	5-7

	•

Key identification number .	11-1
Knuckle pivots, lubricating	
Knuckle shafts, lubricating	

L

Label locations 2-	1
Light switch4-	4

М

Main switch	4-1
Model label	11-2
Ν	
Neutral indicator light	
0	
On-Command four-wheel-drive switch	4-5
Owner's manual and tool kit	8-1
Ρ	
Park indicator light	4-3
Parking	6-5
Parking on a slope	
Part locations	

T arking	, 0
Parking on a slope6	ò-6
Part locations	3-1
Periodic maintenance and lubrication chart	3-3
Pre-operation check list5	5-1

R

Reverse indicator light 4-	2
RIDING YOUR ATV7-	1

S

Specifications	10-1
Speed limiter	
Speedometer unit	4-3
Starter (choke)	4-11
Start switch	
Steering shaft, lubricating	8-45
Storage	
Storage compartment	4-13

т

Tail/brake light bulb, replacing	8-51
Throttle cable free play, adjusting	8-35
Throttle lever	4-6, 5-5
Tire pressure, measuring	5-6
Tires	5-5
Tire wear limit	5-7
Troubleshooting	8-53
Troubleshooting charts	8-54

Valve clearance	8-35
V-belt case drain plug	8-33
V-belt cooling duct check hose	8-32
Vehicle identification number	11-1
V	
Wheel bearings, checking	8-44

inee beanige, eneening		-	
Wheel, installing	8	8-	52
Wheel, removing	8	8-	51



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